The Wayne Herald.

VOL. XIII. NO. 23. WAYNE, WAYNE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, JUNE 21, 1888. WHOLE NO. 699.

First National BANK.

WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

CAPITAL, - - - $50,000

SURPLUS $13,000.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:

JOHN T. BRESSLER, President.
HENRY LEY, Vice Pres.
F. A. DEARBORN, Cashier.

Directors.

John T. Bressler, D. C. Patterson, F. A. Dearborn, Henry Ley, J. W. Jones, F. M. Northrop, Frank Fuller.

A General Banking Business Done.

Accounts of Merchants and Farmer Solicited.

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Auctioneer!

My services can always be obtained by calling at the HERALD office.

WAYNE, - - NEBRASKA

M. K. Rickabaugh's

Barber -:- Shop.

West Side Main Street.

Hair-cutting, Shaving, Etc.

Done neatly and promptly.

S. D. RELYEA,

Contractor & Builder,

Bills for Materi'l free.

All work done Promptly

And in the best manner

Shop by Rayburn's blacksmith shop.

Wayne, Nebraska.

GEORGE W. KORTRIGHT

DEVOTES HIS WHOLE TIME

To the

Photographing Business.

The greatest pains taken to satisfy everybody. Don't wait for a cloud day, the best negatives are made on cloudy days. Give us a chance to use the sunshine to finish your work with. Come to early and you will receive a good job.

Card Photos, $2.50 per Doz.
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CHEAPER THAN CITY PRICES.

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PHOTOGRAPHER.
Wayne, Neb.

Olmstead & Brant

Would respectfully inform the public that they are now prepared to attend to the

MOVING AND RAISING OF BUILDINGS.

Address them at
WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

A. J. FERGUSON,

Pension, Bounty

And Claim Solicitor.

Wayne, Nebraska.

County Directory.

John Cronin, - - County Treasurer, a'ths.
Wm. Miller, - - - County Clerk, "
E Martin - - - County Judge, "
A S. Wilber - - - Sheriff, "
W. E. Howard, - - County Supt., "
J. D. Kiess, - - County Attorney "
Geo. Shaw, - - - Coroner, "
Wm. Frazier - - County Com'r "
A. T. Chapin, - - - " - "
J. T. Mellor, - - - " "Wakefield.

SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F., Wayne Lodge, No. 118, meets Monday evening in Masonic Hall.
JNO. T. BRESSLER, N. G.
R. J. MORGAN, Secretary.

A. F. & A. M., Wayne Lodge, No. 190, meets in Masonic Hall the second and fourth Fridays in each month.
A. A. WILSON, W. M.
D. F. FEATHER, Secretary.

K. of P., Lotus Lodge, No. 48, meets the 1st and 3rd Mondays of each month in the Masonic Hall.
W. J. McCOY, C. C.
W. C. WIGHTMAN, K. of R. and S.

A. O. U. W., Wayne Lodge, No. 32, meets 1st and 3rd Fridays of each month in Masonic Hall.
GEO. W. JOHNSTONE, M. W.
G. W. RILEY, Rec.

W. C. T. U. meets the 1st and 3rd Thursdays in each month. Mrs. J. D. KIESS, Pres.
Mrs. N. F. HEWETT, Sec'y

G. A. R. Casey Post No. —, meets the First and Third Mondays of each month.
P. CUNNINGHAM, Com.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Presbyterian Church.

Services every Sabbath morning and evening. Sabbath School at 11:45. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. REV. F. P. BAKER, Pastor.
J. A. LINDLY, Supt. S. S.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Services every Sabbath at 10:30 A. M., and 8:00 P. M. Sabbath school at 11:45 A. M. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.
REV. WM. GOMEL, Pastor.
Wm. Miller, Supt. S. S.

English Ev. Lutheran Church.

Services every Sabbath at 10:30 o'clock A. M. Sabbath School at 11:45 A. M. Evening services at 7:30. Inquiry and confirmation class 4:15 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening.
REV. M. L. MELICK, Pastor.

Baptist Church

Services every Sabbath at 10:30 A. M., and 8:00 P. M. Sabbath school at 11:30 P. M. every Sabbath. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening.

St. Mary's Church.

Services every alternate Sabbath.
REV. D. W. MORIARTY, Pastor.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ATTORNEYS.

FRANK FULLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
WAYNE, - - - - - NEB.

JAS. BRITTON
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
WAYNE, - - NEBRASKA.

J. D. KING,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
WAYNE - - - NEBRASKA
East side of Main street.

PHYSICIANS.

W. A. LOVE, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.
WAYNE, - - - NEB.
Office over Kane's drug store. Residence half block west of Presbyterian church. All calls attended to promptly day or night.

H. H. G. LEISENRING,
Physician and Surgeon.
WAYNE, - - - NEB'R.
Gives his entire attention to the practice of medicine, and will attend promptly to all calls.
Over Bennett & Son's real estate office
Local Surgeon C. St. P. M. & O. Railway.

A. E. VAN CAMP, M. D.
Physician & Surgeon,
WAYNE, - - NEBRASKA
Office over Van Camp & Ferrier's drug store.

W. C. WIGHTMAN, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,
WAYNE, - - NEBRASKA.
Office always open. First door south of Wightman & McFarland's drug store.

J. H. SPEARS
Veterinary Surgeon,
WAYNE - - NEBRASKA
Office at Van Camp & Ferrier's drug store.
Horses bought and sold on commission.

MONEY!

Why pay 9 per cent. when I will furnish Money on

Real Estate at 8 1-2 Per Cent

No charge made for perfecting title.

No Commission Charged.

GEO. W. RILEY,
Att'y at Law, Wayne, Neb

W. C. T. U.

his column is conducted by the Wayne W. C. T. U.

DIRECTORY OF WAYNE W. C. T. U.

Mrs. M. A. Philleo.....President
" S. L. King.....Vice Pres. at large
" A. R. Morgan, V. P., Baptist ch.
" M. L. Melick " Lutheran "
" T. Wachob " Presbyt. "
" S. Stringolf " Methodist "
" E. R. Bennett.....Secretary
" C. R. Bartlett.....Treasurer

The Medicinal Value of Alcohol.

The Quarterly Journal of Inebriety says: "The medicinal value of alcohol is slowly vanishing. Here are twenty-seven workhouses where intoxicants are not at all allowed. The experience of doctors in these has proved the use of alcohol unnecessary. In 1871 the total cost of intoxicants used in work-houses and infirmaries amounted to £682,554; in 1881 it amounted to £60,303 and in 1885 was reduced to £44,820). The most marked feature of progress toward sobriety in England is the decrease of intoxicants in workhouses. There has been a reduction of more than twenty-five per cent. in four years past, and of forty five per cent in the last fifteen years."

Why Life Insurance Companies Will Not Insure Beer Drinkers.

The following extract from the Chicago Religio-Philosophical Journal is commended to those "reformers" who would substitute beer and light wines for stronger alcolic drinks:

"Life insurance companies have no sentiment. Their business is one based purely upon experience from which certain inexorable rules have been established. A life insurance company will not insure the life of a confirmed beer drinker. Why? Because it is certain fact, as certain as a thing can be, that the beer drinker cannot drink long enough to make insurance profitable to them. These institutions dread beer more than they do whisky, for its effect upon the system is even worse. A non-beer-drinker at forty is considered a good risk, a beer drinker at that age can get no insurance at all. In addition the sowing the seeds of disease and death in the physical system, beer in large quantities is said to sodden the brain, and paralyze or vitiate the moral natures of its votaries. Careful observers aver that it is more brutalizing in its effects than either spirituous or vinous liquors, in partial proof of which they point to the disproportionately large number of German names among the perpetrators of especially atrocious crimes published in the daily papers.

What Is a Temporance Pledge.

It is simply the promise of a man or woman to abstain from all intoxicating liquors, and like any promise, to make it good requires an honest intention and the ability to keep it. It is naturally expected that any one will be able to keep such a promise.

"Of course I can keep it," says the victim of drink, and he fully believes that he can, but the results of observation and experience have proven that we must not be too sure; there has too often been failure in spite of the best intention on the part of those who have signed the pledge, to allow us to indulge in confidence in the ability of man alone. We have been forced to believe that the will of the man has become incompetent, simply a demoralized slave to the passions. Men do not like to believe this of themselves, and yet this leaflet may come into the hands of some man who is just such a slave; who has broken pledge after pledge, and given up hope in despair. And yet there is hope.

In the affairs of this world, if the promise of one man is not broad enough and strong enough to meet the requirement, if he has not enough in his own person, he begins to look about for "backing," for indorsement; and if he can get a "good name" on his paper" he is all right. He may not own a dollar; he may have been proven untruthful, careless about his promises; but he will be accepted in business circles to the extent of the "backing" he can get. Take notice, however, the dishonest and untruthful do not get indorsement. So in this matter. You have a certain strength in your own will, but the power of the appetite for drink, and of the open saloon, are against you, and if you could not get the backing of God Almighty, your case would surely be desperate, for your soul knows better than to trust the word of your demoralized flesh. But Jesus Christ has taken into account all your need, the need of your home, wife and children, of your own soul, and will indorse you, poor bankrupt that you are, to the extent of all you lack, provided you will be true to your part, and with a sincere purpose to do the best you can, trust Him. Your part is not to go in the way of sinners; nor cross the door of a place where drink is sold or drunk, nor put out your hand to take a drink; not to stand and look at it; but to cleanse your lips of profanity and uncleanness, and be willing to let the Holy Spirit of God and his people do their work in you.

Do the best you can for God, and He will do the best He can for you. "My God shall supply all your need, according to His riches in glory by Christ Jesus." Phil. 4:19

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at J. E. McFarland's drug store as their giving to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. Kings New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, bronhcitis, Croup, and all throat and lung diseases quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free, large size $1. Every bottle warranted.

OUR NEIGHBORS

COLERIDGE SENTINEL.

J. C. Sparks, of Concord, was in town on Monday and reported things booming down the Logan. He says he has been back to Iowa and something like 150 miles south of here and states that he thinks crops here in Cedar and Dixon counties are ahead of any place he has been. And by the way Mr. Sparks is a keen observer and a good judge.

BLAIR PILOT.

A street fakir, who was "giving away" soap and currency, struck Blair last week and took in the collective Blair sucker and Smart Aleck to the tune of a hundred "cases" more or less. The fellows who complain at paying reasonable prices to the blair merchants for their goods were "on deck," eager to buy a tenth of a cents worth of soap for a dollar and a half. "The fools are not all dead yet."

WISNER CHRONICLE.

West Point has already raised $600 toward the celebration of the Fourth that will do the city honor. Beemer, too, will soar the eagle high on the Nation's natal day. Wisner, however, stowed up enough patriotism last year, and our citizens will enjoy the day among their friends in neighboring towns. But look out for Wisner in 1889.

BANCROFT JOURNAL.

The school board has employed the present faculty for another year.

The water has finally disappeared from the bottom land and the Logan is again within its banks.

The shipments of stock from this place during the past week were as follows: McKeegan & McManus, 4 cars hogs to Omaha, F. H. Park, 1 car hogs to Omaha.

Conductors Kincaid and Fuller now run No 3 and 4 between Bancroft and Omaha in addition to their regular runs. Conductor Ingram has been transferred to the Norfolk branch.

The rain of Tuesday night is said by the farmers northwest of town, to have been the heaviest they have yet experienced. It evidently did not extend over so large a territory as the former rains, however.

PONCA JOURNAL.

To those doubting Thomases who hope that the coal exploration will turn out well, but doubt it very much we desire to say, 'wait and watch and pray. Bear in mind that several prospect holes have been put down in this and Cedar counties as well also as one at Decatur and one at Omaha, and in every instance thus far, coal has been struck at about the same depth and of the same thickness. If there is any truth in the declared results in every hole thus far put down this present effort will find 4½ feet. If it is not found, then experience is unreliable, and human testimony is a snare and a delusion.

Look out for peripatetic cloth peddlers. They are now raiding different parts of the states, and very likely will strike Dixon county. The North Platte Nebraskian says of their doings in that vicinity: "A couple of smooth talking cloth peddlers were in the city yesterday. They succeeded in making several sales of apparently pretty fair goods. They claimed to to have sold $3,000 worth of goods to the people of Buffalo county, and discounted several notes at the banks in Kearney. The writer informed the dust that they would be promptly hanged by the farmers of Lincoln county if they attempted any skin games upon them. Last evening they quietly packed their effects and left for Sidney in search of new victims."

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 102 Fulton Street, N. Y.

Look! Look! Look!

Over our Stock at the

Central Lumber Yards!

Before Purchasing

Lime, Hair, Cement, Lath, Shingles, and Everything you want at Living Prices.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Hard and Soft Coal.

Moline Wagons, Deer Plows, Columbus Buggies,

On hand and for Sale by SLATER & FISHER.

Foot of Main Street.

Wayne -:- Meat -:- Market,

ROE BROTHERS,

Will Keep First Class Meats always on Hand.

Bacons, Hams, and Sausage of all kinds. Call and Give us a trial

Market west of Harrington Bros Grocery Store.

CONSIDER WELL.

Improve the Opportunity,

—And Buy Your—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Where your Money Does you the Most Good

We are ready to offer you Prices never before known since we have been in the Business.

We can Save you Money. You will say so yourself.

—Call and see—

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots Shoes, Hats and Caps,

MILLINERY AND GROCERIES.

Positively the Lrgaest Stock. Undeniably the Lowest Prices.

HENRY LEY Wayne, Nebraska.

The Peoples Store

CORBIT, CONNOR & CO., Proprietors.

Clothing of all Kinds at Extremely low Prices.

Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes

Hats, Caps, Gloves and Mittens.

East Side of Main Street, WAYNE, NEBRASKA

WAYNE HERALD-TRIBUNE.

GOSHORN & McNEAL, Publishers.

WAYNE, - - - - NEB

OVER THE STATE.

A Scandal at Bennett.

Lincoln special: The Democrat publishes the following sensation this evening:

"Bennett society is badly broken up over the alleged elopement of Joseph Southwick, a leading member of the M. E. church and a loud shouter of prohibition doctrines, with the wife of A. J. Vail, a prominent stock dealer of that place. Southwick left Bennett on Monday, ostensibly for Ewing, took up a new location. Before going he sold some land for cash, taking the proceeds with him. On the 20th he made front at Island, on the 21st from Fremont, and on the 22d from Ewing. Since then nothing has been heard from him directly.

On the 22d Mrs. Vail left, taking one child, and started for a visit to Macomb, Ill. It is reported that she did not go to that place, and intimate friends of the family allege that she has joined Southwick. Several little scandals have been hushed up in the past year about these two. Ever since the departure the West Branch, Ia., Record noted that Southwick was in that vicinity. A commercial traveler saw him and a lady together at a hotel in Burlington.

Mrs. Vail left a husband and one child, Southwick a wife and several children, and practically without means of support except an eighty of land near the place which he deeded to her before leaving.

Friends of the family still hope the transaction can be honorably cleared up, but all fear the worst. Both parties were active and prominent members of the church, Mrs. Vail being organist and Southwick a deacon and treasurer of the church. He was also a candidate for the state senate two years ago on the prohibition ticket and is well known to all the third party in Lancaster county.

The School Population.

Lincoln special to the Omaha Herald: The census of the school population by counties was published a few days ago. The apportionment for June, 1888, has just been completed and is summarized as follows:

Interest on Permanent School fund	$ 900 00
Interest on state school lands	13,000 00
State tax	1,000 00
Interest on county bonds	24,781 25
Interest on unpaid subscriptions of school bonds	20,149 12
Levy for school bonds	16,111 12
Private securities	140 00
Fractional remainder	1 00
Total	$75,083 49
Whole number of children	206,700
Amount apportioned	$ 36,341 24
Rate per scholar	0.0175473

The Nebraska City Jail Breakers.

Nebraska City special: It transpires that the escape of Budd and Somers was due wholly to carelessness on the part of the jailer and his assistant. Somers broke the lock on his cell door with a dumb-bell, which he procured in an unknown manner. He then, going into the cell where the cage in which Budd is confined is located, took the keys from a table drawer, opened the cage, letting Budd out. The two then sprung the lock of the outside door and crawled out at a window, from which the grating had been removed. The jailers are hunting shifless job. Budd, securely ironed, was taken to Lincoln to-day by Sheriff Willman; Somers has not yet been heard from.

GENERAL STATE NOTES.

Two Omaha boys stole a team of horses at South Omaha last week, and at last accounts, had not been apprehended.

The body of Oberhard also was drowned at Scribner last week was found floating on the water nearly four miles below Fremont. The funeral took place at Scribner on the 12th.

At Lincoln last week, in the case of the state against Meisinger, charged with violating the civil rights law by refusing to allow a negro to be shaved in his shop, the court overruled the demurrer to the constitutionality of the law. The defendant excepts, and will carry the case to the supreme court.

Commencement Exercises at Doane college, Nebligh, were held on the 12th. The address of Rev. McNeille on "A plea for higher education" delivered before the faculty and pupils was remarkable for its force and eloquence and received the closest attention.

The jury in the suit of Kit Keyser against Nebraska City returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff after deliberating all night. Keyser slipped on the sidewalk and broke a leg last February and brought suit against the city for $3,000. The jury awarded him $315.

Charles Budd, and Perry Summers, Nebraska City's bet hog thieves have distinguished themselves again. They broke jail last week and started at a lively gait down Eleventh street. A crowd was soon in pursuit, attracted by the ringing of the fire bell. Budd was captured after running a few blocks, but Summers showed his pursuers a clean pair of heels and is still at liberty. They were sentenced to the penitentiary Saturday, Budd for three and Summers for four years. This is the sixth attempt to escape.

The closing exercises of the Strasburg high school took place on the 10th and were well attended. The graduates were four in number—two ladies and two gentlemen.

A call has been issued at Beatrice for formation of a county anti-saloon league.

The democrats of Wymore held a civil satisfaction meeting over the St. Louis nominations.

For the first five months of 1888 121,080 head of cattle were received at South Omaha.

State Senator VanWyck has accepted an invitation to deliver an address at the Fourth of July celebration in Omaha.

Lady Randolph Churchill is now regarded as one of the leading authorities on dress in London. She frowns at high hats, but is seldom seen without a parasol with a stick serving as a walking cane.

The Lincoln Journal says that arrangements are being made by the striking engineers and firemen to boycott the merchants who sell goods brought to the city over the lines of the B. & M. If carried into effect this would make a boycott upon nearly all of the business houses in the city. Several of the leading strikers have been interviewed but have refused to say on the matter, some of them denying point blank that there is such a move on foot.

About no moment piece of petty thievery which has come to our knowledge of late, says the Fremont Tribune, is the stealing of several of the beautiful basket bouquets from the auditorium of the Congregational church during the high school exercises on Thursday evening of last week. After the exercises had ended the bouquets, they were placed in the place which opens outside, and while the happy recipients were merrily and unknowingly enjoying the exercises, some chaseman came, opened a door and stole the basket of flowers.

The Holt county soldiers reunion association at Atkinson commences July 24 and continues to the 27th. Every accommodation will be afforded all soldiers with their families and citizens generally.

The most notable event in the history of Logan county was the dedication of her beautiful new court house at Gaston on the evening of June 5. The audience at the dedication was estimated at four or five hundred. The speakers of the evening were Messrs. Shrader, Hoagland, Jeffrey, Hamer, McNay, Seeley, Grimes, Tarlton, Bixler, Church and Holcomb. The speakers were all in a jolly mood and the entire programme successfully carried.

The most important case upon the district Logan county court docket this term was the suit of Messrs. James Reynolds for assault with intent to commit rape. Jessie Hyman, his neighbor's wife. He was found guilty and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

Everything points to an immense attendance during the coming session of the Chautauqua assembly. It is estimated by those who are in a position to judge that the attendance will be more than double that of six sessions ago.

The telephone line from Johnstown to Norden may prove to be a failure. Merrick Watkins, editor of the Johnstown Chronicle, remonstrated the line claimed to be an agent for the Nebraska Telephone company, but upon investigation it was shown that he had no authority from the company to build the line or act as agent.

At a meeting of the board of trade of Beatrice $1,500 was donated to a syndicate owning thirty-five acres of land skirting the river south of town to aid them in starting an interstate Chautauqua assembly, the syndicate promising to erect buildings equal to those at Crete and to hold an assembly next August.

A disastrous storm occurred at Columbus, a few nights ago, with continuous lightning. Mr. Miller's barn was near the Long river was struck by lightning, causing a total loss of 8,000 tons of hay.

A sick fellow, purporting to be representing Marshall, Field & Co., Chicago, induced J. H. Delsman, a prominent merchant of Columbus, to cash a draft of $20 last week. He had lithographed letter heads of the firm, and was an old hand apparently.

A state organization was recently perfected among the stenographic fraternity at a meeting at the city of Hastings. It is to be known as the state stenographic association, and is to be composed of members of the profession doing official and law reporting.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the republican state central committee at Columbus, it was decided to hold the state convention at Lincoln, August 22. The representation will be the same as at the last convention. An arrangement was also perfected for obtaining an expression from the voters direct on the submission question.

The deaf mute institute has a picked mixed base ball nine and is boiling beaten the nine from the Nebraska institute at Omaha, one day engaging all the deaf mute nines in the country.

Tecumseh, Johnson county, Neb., is having a great guidding boom this year. A new court house to cost $40,000 is under way, together with a number of business blocks. A new rolling mill is finished and running. Her enterprising citizens have also formed a stock company to put in a system of water works and sewerage.

The O'Neill Frontier learns from Rev. E. Blain, of Middle Branch, of the death of Rev. J. P. Gaiteau, formerly of Lambert, Holt county, who went to Liberia, in Africa, last year as a missionary. He died about April 1, of African fever. He was at a point about thirty miles south of Cape Palmas.

Mattie Wilson, a nine year old girl, was deserted by her mother in Omaha last week and has been taken to the home of the Public in. The woman is considered to have left the city in company with a man.

Well substantiated reports come from Johnstown, ten miles west of Long worth, that Merrick Watkins, editor of the Johnstown Chronicle, has left for parts unknown, leaving creditors of that town to mourn his departure to the tune of from $400 to $600.

The subject of expert judges in the various departments of the county fair, was discussed at length at a recent meeting of the society, and the sense of the committee was that the very best talent was required and would be secured.

The Fremont Tribune endeavors to show that the erection of a $15,000 court house will not be a very great burden to the tax payers of Dodge county.

Mrs. Byron Curtis, of Fremont, was severely burned about the head and neck and one of her hands, while lighting a gasoline stove. Although a great sufferer, her injuries are not considered fatal.

The 4 year old child of Mrs. Willis, of Omaha, fell from the second story of a window and received fatal injuries.

HIGH WINDS.

Minnesota Towns Visited by Severe Tornadoes and Lightning.

Montevideo (Minn.) dispatch: Last evening heavy black clouds began to rapidly gather in the northwestern horizon. About 9:30 the storm burst. The wind blew for about fifteen minutes with great force in a straight line, accompanied with the vivid lightning. Little damage was done to property here, but in the towns of Big Bend and Maudi, ten miles north of here, the damage was great. Authen Olsen and Lars Ribler were killed in Maudi when the room struck them. Ribler's baby escaped. It is thought that Ribler could recover. The house of Olsen Olsen was injured but the family escaped by going down cellar. The house of Ribler was also badly damaged. The wind came from the southwest. The storm was accompanied by a heavy rain. Crops were not injured. The storm was local. The Ribler family are well known in Montevideo and have many friends here. The Olsen family are well known in Maudi and very highly esteemed. The Ribler family are quite prominent in the second Indian war. The rain was pouring down in torrents. The hail is very heavy.

Litchfield, Minn., special: A heavy rain with Little Rock, Minn., set in early in the evening, blowing down the walls of the Beaver Falls glass factory and causing considerable damage to outdoor gauge was done to fruit and crops.

Milwaukee: The most severe and damaging electric storm that has occurred in this city for years visited the city morning and played general havoc with the telephone and telegraph wires. Telephone service in the city was suspended for a time and both the police and fire alarm systems were badly damaged. In the town of Lyndon Sheboygan county, a farmer named James Cooper was instantly killed by lightning.

St. Paul: Reports coming in show considerable damage by last night storm. Near Big Bend some houses were entirely destroyed and others materially damaged. No loss of life reported.

LOSS OF LOGS.

Millions of Feet of Lumber Gone Beyond Recovery.

Cloquet (Minn.) dispatch: The dreaded calamity came yesterday. The booms at Cloquet broke, and 80,000,000 feet of logs are scattered along the banks of the St. Louis river, or floating on the waves of Lake Superior. Also Cloquet was the first boom, resting on Posey island, and a mile above that was the second boom, which rested on massive piers. Both of these booms broke. By many persons it is said that the second boom, which contained upwards of 60,000,000 feet of logs, first gave way, and the immense force they exerted dislodged the Posey Island boom, where they were 20,000,000 feet. The loss to the lumbermen is so great that it can not now be estimated, it will reach nearly $500,000 and may run over that, and of course on all the great loss there is no insurance at all. The Cloquet Lumber company, the Water Power company, railroad bridge and two small wooden bridges there were also carried down stream. The Cloquet lumber company estimate their loss at 25,000,000 feet, which cost to put in place and the company said to-night that he would not be willing to take $700,000 for his loss. The company will probably have a loss of $500,000 in all. The Water Power company lost about 20,000,000 feet of logs. The company lost about 20,000,000 feet of logs. The company lost about 20,000,000 feet of logs. The

CONGRESS.

Work Being Done From Day to Day in Both Houses

HOUSE.—The time of the house on the 8th was passed in the discussion of the salt schedule of the tariff bill. The house bill was passed authorizing the construction of a bridge over the Missouri river near Omaha. Also the bill granting the right of way to the Paris, Choctaw & Little Rock railway company through the Indian territory. The Dingley resolution was adopted calling on the secretary of the treasury as to whether any order is now in force by which United States vessels passing through Canadian canals to American ports, when they make their voyage via the St. Lawrence, [illegible] when they make it by way of Lake Ontario, and whether further legislation is necessary to authorize the secretary to impose additional tolls upon Canada vessels passing through the Sault Ste. Marie canal bound to Canadian ports in case Canada continues the discrimination against vessels bound to American ports.

SENATE.—In the senate on the 13th among the bills reported from committee and placed on the calendar were the postoffice and District of Columbia appropriation bills, to be called up to-morrow.—Also the senate bill for the reconstruction of the government dam at Rock Island arsenal, and for the immediate construction of a temporary dam.—On motion of Mr. Sherman the senate proceeded to the consideration of the fisheries treaty in open executive session and was addressed by Gray in support of its ratification. God help the country and the people, he said, if those into whose hands they had placed power should refuse to look at both sides and at all sides of the questions which involved the peace and honor and welfare of the nation. At the close of Mr. Gray's speech further consideration of the fisheries treaty was, on motion of Mr. Sherman, postponed until Monday, the 25th of June.

HOUSE.—In the house on the 9th, on motion of Weaver of Iowa, a bill was passed for the erection of a public building at Ottumwa, Ia., at a cost of $40,000. Resolutions setting apart Wednesday, June 13, for the consideration of the bill granting arrears of pensions were referred to the committee on rules. The house then went into committee of the whole on the tariff bill, the pending paragraph being that relating to flax. Brown of Indiana argued in favor of maintaining the existing duty on flax. Gifford of Dakota and Buchanan of New Jersey and Mills defended the bill. Laird of Minnesota, Republican, who heretofore supported the bill, made a strong plea for the protection of the linseed oil industry. Mills said the flax industry in Kentucky had almost disappeared because it was not profitable, or rather, because other crops were more profitable, and wheat would drive flax out of Indiana, as it had out of Kentucky. His earnest sympathies were with downtrodden Ireland. Funstone of Kansas cried out: "Under free trade England."

HOUSE.—In the house on the 11th Mr. Anderson, of Illinois, from the committee on postoffices and post roads reported back the resolution calling on the postmaster-general for a tabulated statement of the disallowed claims of postmasters from Kentucky under the act of March 3, 1883. Laid over. A bill was introduced providing for an assistant secretary of the navy. Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, offered a resolution assigning July 5, 7, 9, 10, 11 and 12 for consideration of general pension legislation, precedence to be given to the arrears of limitation repeal and dependent pension bills. The resolution was accompanied by a long preamble, to the reading of which Mr. Springer, of Illinois, objected. Thereupon Mr. Grosvenor withdrew the resolution. The house then proceeded to the consideration of district business. The bill increasing the police force was passed. The speaker laid before the house a communication from the secretary of the treasury transmitting an estimate of $167,000 from the supervising architect for repairs of the New Orleans customs house.

SENATE.—The resolution by W. V. Stewart calling on the secretary of the treasury for a statement of offers and purchases of bonds [illegible] 1888, with the [illegible] was taken up in the senate [illegible] without action. The appropriation bill for the department of agriculture was reported from the committee on appropriations [illegible] On motion of Mr. Cullom the bill to amend the interstate commerce act was taken up and Mr. Coke [illegible] the senate in advocacy of it. The senate then proceeded to the consideration of the fortification appropriation bill and was addressed by Mr. Dolph on the subject of coast defenses. The bill went over without action, and the District of Columbia [illegible] It also [illegible] without action and the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—In the house on the 12th the regular order of business, the resolution reported yesterday from the committee on postoffices, calling on the postmaster general for a tabulated statement of disallowed postmasters' claims presented from Kentucky under the act of March 3, 1883, was taken up. The report on the resolution is an adverse one, and the recommendation is that it be laid on the table. After a debate of two hours and a half the majority report was agreed to and the resolution was laid on the table. The report of the committee on elections in the contested election case of Frank vs. Glover, from the Ninth congressional district of Missouri, and an accompanying resolution affirming the right of Glover, the sitting member, to the seat, was then adopted. The contested election case of Lynch vs. Vandever, from the Sixth congressional district of California, was called up and the resolution in favor of the sitting member was adopted without division. The house then went into committee of the whole on the tariff bill, the discussion continuing until the hour of adjournment.

SENATE.—On the 13th Sherman reported a concurrent resolution requesting the president to invite from time to time negotiations with any government with which the United States has diplomatic relations to the end that any differences between the governments which cannot be adjusted by diplomatic agencies may be referred to arbitration and peacefully adjusted by such means. Hale called up Morgan's resolution as to the fishery treaty, and addressed the senate on the subject. He declared that fishermen would agree to no sure surrender in this matter; that their voices were against the treaty. Not a vessel had sailed from Provincetown, Gloucester, Marblehead, Portland, Castine or Booth Bay since the treaty whose master and crew had not sent back executing protests against the treaty. Hale spoke of the enormous subsidies to the Canadian Pacific railroad company and said the course of Great Britain in that matter ought to be watched with jealous scrutiny by every American administration. The resolution was postponed. The District of Columbia appropriation bill was passed. Blair moved to take up the senate bill for the adjustment of the accounts of laborers, workmen and mechanics arising under the eight hour law. Several votes were taken without a quorum, and the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Payne, of Pennsylvania, asked consent for the present consideration of a joint resolution granting to all persons employed in the public service, who were present at the battle of Gettysburg, either in the union or confederate army, leave to attend the reunion to be held in July next at Gettysburg. A call for the regular order operated as an objection. The house then went into committee of the whole on the tariff bill. Payne moved to have stricken from the free list vegetable substances. Defeated. McMillan moved to place upon the free list bags of jute for grain. This motion led to a long discussion of a political nature between General Spinola and Mr. Nutting, of New York. The motion was then agreed to.

SENATE.—In the senate on the 14th a resolution granting leave of absence to all persons now in the employment of the government who were present at the battle of Gettysburg to attend the reunion there on the 3d of July was passed. The concurrent resolution on international arbitration was taken up and passed. The Agricultural department appropriation bill was amended and passed. The postoffice appropriation bill was also amended and passed. The senate then proceeded to the consideration of executive business. When the doors were opened legislative business was resumed, and the bill appropriating $275,000 for the construction of a government dam at Rock Island arsenal and for the construction of a temporary dam was taken up and passed.

HOUSE.—Under the call of committees in the house on the 14th the following bills were reported: By Mr. Townshend, of Illinois—Providing for an assistant secretary of war. By Mr. Hooker, of Mississippi—To retire General Alfred Pleasanton. The house then went into committee of the whole on the tariff bill, discussion of which continued until adjournment.

HOUSE.—Under the call of committees in the house on the 14th the following bills were reported: By Mr. Townshend, of Illinois—Providing for an assistant secretary of war. By Mr. Hooker, of Mississippi—To retire General Alfred Pleasanton. The house then went into committee of the whole on the tariff bill, discussion of which continued until adjournment.

THE NEWS.

The Reading Coal and Iron company has sent out notices to its customers informing them that no more orders for coal will be received at present prices except for immediate shipment, and that orders remaining unfilled, for any cause whatever, on July 31, will be cancelled, as prices will be advanced the following day.

Francis A. Hoffman, jr., of Chicago, who was nominated by the democratic state central committee for state treasurer in place of Charles Wacker, who declined, has consented to run. Mr. Hoffman was appointed appraiser of the port of Chicago in 1886, by President Cleveland, but resigned last fall and has since devoted himself to his law practice.

Senator Blackburn has introduced a bill authorizing the secretary of the treasury to pay over to a majority of the executive board and acting trustees of the American Mutual Benefit association of Mexican war veterans, located in Kentucky, the sum of $[illegible], to be used for the establishment in that state of the soldiers' and sailors' memorial university and home.

After thirteen years' service as president of Knox [illegible] college, Dr. Newman Bateman has presented to the board of trustees his unconditional resignation to take effect June 1, in consequence of continued ill-health and on the advice of his physicians. The board, with the citizens, are unanimously in favor of retaining the doctor, under some conditions. The matter has been referred to a committee.

The negroes in the Chickasaw nation are making [illegible] preparations for a general exodus to Oklahoma, where they contemplate farming. Numerous colonies are entering lands and making permanent homes. Several thousand of them assembled at Wynnewood, I. T., last week, for the purpose of organization. Sam Paul, a full blooded Chickasaw tribal senator, is assisting the colored people in this move.

The Santa Fe passenger train had an unusual experience a few miles from Dorsey station. The train suddenly stopped and eight masked men boarded the platform of the baggage car. Two of the robbers crawled over the coal tender and ordered the engineer to stop the train. The engineer complied, but during the parley the fireman jumped from the cab and made his way back to the station, informing the second section of the train, on which there were several detachments of United States troops going south. The section came up, and the robbers, realizing the motive of the fireman, escaped to the mountains.

Three men, Henry Meyers, John Olsen and William Pagget, have been arrested on the charge of being concerned in the murder of John Lowell, an old and wealthy farmer of El Dorado county, California, whose dead body was found in a well on his ranch. One of the men has made a confession, stating that they went to Lowell's ranch ostensibly to purchase some stock, and that while they were examining the stock Meyers shot and killed Lowell. The other two men, according to the confession, had nothing to do with the murder. Meyers then compelled his companions to help bury the dead body, after which a number of horses were driven off the ranch by the men and sold.

THE END NEAR.

Undoubted Evidence that the German Emperor's Life is Short

LONDON, June 14.—The news from Berlin is the chief topic of interest here to-night. All day long the end of the royal invalid's heart struggle with death has been looked for. Fears for the worst were confirmed when Mr. Smith made the announcement at 6:30 this evening that there was little hope of recovery. An official message of such a nature was felt to be ominous and people recalled the fact that the announcement in parliament of Emperor William's critical condition preceded his death by only a few hours. The slowness with which the dispatches from Berlin have been coming all day is tantalizing and newspaper bulletins have been besieged by eager throngs anxious to learn the first tidings of death. Even the German embassy has been dependent for information almost entirely upon the newspapers, and the news had been of the most meagre character. Without doubt the emperor began to sink gradually at an early hour this morning. The tampon canula, by means of which the lung passage was kept temporarily clear yesterday proved a complete failure. To-day a tampon canula, which had a gutta percha coating, was fitted in the patient's throat. This when inflated filled the vacant space between the walls of the windpipe, thus preventing the passage into the lungs of solid or liquid matter which might be administered. This was almost the last resort and failure to prevent the passage of matter thereto meant death.

The empress never left her husband's side all day. At night all the royal family, the Prussian ministers of state and members of the foreign embassies were present at the palace sadly awaiting the end.

BERLIN, June 14.—Towards midnight of Wednesday the emperor's pulse quickened and his temperature rose forty degrees (Reaumur). The morning hours were awaited with intense anxiety.

At 2 o'clock in the morning the empress was awakened and informed of the change in the emperor's condition. She then took her place by her husband's bedside and has not left him since. Despite the efforts of the physicians the emperor's strength has diminished. Toward morning he refused to take the medicine offered him. To-night he has remained in a kind of stupor, the doctors giving him stimulants from time to time which have had a temporary effect. The newspapers contain very scanty news concerning the emperor, owing to the strict censorship exercised by the authorities.

The physicians here setting the most optimistic opinions regarding the emperor's case, are skeptical concerning the issue of the next twelve hours. The prince of Wales is expected to arrive to-morrow or Saturday morning. It is rumored that King Humbert has already started for Berlin. The emperor has been lying all night on a bed in the study where he was placed early in the evening. He makes frequent signs to those around him and seems in full possession of his mental faculties. He is apparently worried about affairs of the state but is not in physical pain.

Prince Henry and his wife arrived at the bedside at 10:30 p. m. The strength of the sick man is constantly waning. At frequent intervals the physicians administer injections to prevent pain. There is very little fever owing to the extreme weakness of the sufferer.

Swarms of Locust

Dispatches from points in northern Iowa and western Illinois report the appearance of swarms of seventeen year locusts.

Prof. C. V. Riley, United States entomologist, who is present in charge, when asked about the locusts, said that a well known brood occurs this year and this periodical visitor may be looked for in wooded portions of Illinois and Iowa, and also in the following territories, as indicated by the experience of 1871.

Wisconsin—Waukesha, Walworth, Jefferson, [illegible], Dane. Iowa—Grant, Crawford, Richmond and Sauk counties.

Indiana—The boundary in this state is not well defined, but includes the extreme northern [illegible] as far south as the Kankakee river.

Michigan—In this state the southern tier of counties, [illegible] Michigan east to the middle of the state.

Pennsylvania—Lancaster county, [illegible] by eastern [illegible] the "Pequea valley." This locality was not verified in 1871, although there is no doubt of the appearance of the insect in 1854.

In reply to a question as to whether the grasshoppers are to be destructive this year, the professor said [illegible] state the prospects in advance, but [illegible] been unable to get together sufficient data as to the extent of egg-deposit to justify prediction. He has just received a telegram from the office that the young are hatching in enormous numbers in parts of Minnesota and with weather favorable to them considerable injury may be done, especially as the average period between visitations has passed since the last trouble. One thing he felt sure of, however, that they will never do as much injury as they did between the year 1873 and 1877.

The Hog Packing Industry.

CINCINNATI, June 14.—The Price Current to-morrow will say: The week's packing in the west has been 275,000 hogs, compared with 265,000 the preceding week, and 225,000 for the corresponding time last year, making a total of 2,140,000 since March 1 against 2,[illegible] a year ago. In the provision market liberal receipts of hogs and continued moderate calls for the product from consuming depots have encouraged operators, who have been disposed to turn their influence towards depressing values and the weakened, already tired holding interest, and which values have settled rather characteristically the latter part of the week, yesterday being lower than at Chicago with some recovery at the close to-day from the lowest point. There is considerable prevalence of the belief that values [illegible] still more, which if a large proportion of the holding of the product centers in strong hands with lessened hog supplies and more liberal exports, under stimulus of reduced prices, the position may shape so as to give an upward course to values to be maintained for considerable time.

SENATOR SHERMAN.

His Friends Claim that He is Certain to be the Republican Nominee.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—The Sherman presidential boomers are more than confident to-night. They are claiming from every corner and in every place that John Sherman is certain to be the nominee of the national republican party at Chicago next week. Judge Thompson, who is the recognized leader of the Sherman boom at this end of the line, is making his arrangements to leave here for Chicago to-morrow. He will take with him Mr. Sherman's stenographer and type writer, and on Wednesday open the Sherman headquarters in the windy city. Representatives Grosvenor, Butterworth and McKinley will leave on Wednesday, stopping one day at their respective homes, and will reach Chicago by the time the first delegates begin to arrive. Said Judge Thompson to your correspondent this evening: "Why, John Sherman is going to be nominated. Of that there is not the least doubt in the world. If it were not for showing our hands and giving away our strength in advance I could sit down and give you the votes in the various delegations that Mr. Sherman is sure to receive."

The Sherman contingent have been holding meetings quite frequently since the senator's return from New York. They had quite a lengthy conference at the residence of the Ohio senator last night, and again this afternoon they were in conference with locked doors in the committee room of Mr. Sherman at the capitol. Since his return from New York city, where the Ohio statesman spent several days last week, there has been quite a boom in Sherman stock. To those with whom he has talked the Ohio senator imparts the refreshing information that he is sure of the solid vote of the New York delegation if not on the first ballot, certainly on the third. In addition they claim that Quay and Cameron will see to it that he also gets the entire vote of the Pennsylvania delegation. Mr. Sherman told a friend who called on him last night, that while he was in New York, he was waited upon by the representatives of twenty or more leading men who assured him that now as Blaine was out of the way they would support him for the presidential nomination. His friends assert that all the preliminaries for the delivery of the votes of the New York and Pennsylvania delegations have been arranged and they will surely be delivered on the second or third ballot.

An evening paper says: "A friend of Senator Sherman in this city has prepared a list of the delegates to the Chicago convention. He states that of the entire number there are 349 delegates who will vote for Sherman. He asserts that Sherman is sure of this number of votes in any event, and that with this show of strength the additional seventy-two votes needed will undoubtedly be secured. Senator Sherman to-day informed a Nebraska friend that he had reason to count on the support of four of the Nebraska delegates.

Execution of Half-Breeds.

REGINA, N. W. T., June 14.—Gaddy and Rosette, the murderers of Settler McLeish, at Wolseley, N. W. T., were launched into eternity yesterday. Rosette bore up without flinching, and spoke on the scaffold. He said he was no murderer and did not regret having a rope about his neck, but was sorry to die. Gaddy held up well also. He appeared penitent for his crime and received the sacrament the day before his execution. When the bolt shot they dropped and died instantly, not a muscle of either moving. On Sunday night, May 24, the stable of Hector McLeish, a farmer, was broken into and a pony stolen. A party of citizens started in pursuit the next day, overtaking the thieves the following day, when in an encounter McLeish was shot and subsequently died of his wounds. The thieves were half-breeds, Gaddy and Rosette. The pursuing party found out that the half-breeds were concealed in a house about a mile from Wolseley. McLeish and a mounted policeman walked out late at night to [illegible] brought back to this country for trial a few months ago.

The Knights' Conclave.

CINCINNATI, June 14.—This was the big day of the Knights of Pythias conclave. The parade was a grand success, over [illegible] Knights participating. The brigades were arranged in the order of their age. The Indiana brigade, the oldest in the order, came first. The knights were reviewed by Supreme Chancellor Douglass from the grand stand erected for that purpose. At the session of the supreme lodge to-day numerous arguments were presented pro and con on the question of establishing a higher rank in the order. The majority favored such an innovation, and it is likely that legislation to that end will result at this meeting. The resolution providing for the erection of a [illegible] temple at Washington as a permanent headquarters was adopted. The question of the [illegible] representatives [illegible] again to-day. [illegible] that the local grand lodge be recognized as the grand lodge of Pennsylvania Knights of Pythias. [illegible] reception was tendered [illegible] Douglass by the [illegible] of Cincinnati. [illegible] Justus H. Rathbone. [illegible] say it is the largest [illegible] they have ever had. [illegible] the incoming trains [illegible] arrivals, and it is estimated that over 30,000 visitors are in [illegible]

The board of trade of Omaha sent an invitation to the supreme lodge to hold its next biennial meeting there. It was immediately followed by one from Indianapolis.

THE EMPEROR.

Physicians Admit That His Case is Almost Hopeless.

A Berlin special says: Berlin has been in agitation all day owing to the disquieting reports since early morning with regard to the condition of the emperor. Extra editions of the newspapers have been sold on the streets, some of them containing reports of a most alarming character. Much is exaggeration, although it is certain that great anxiety prevails in all the royal circles. There is little or no appetite for food which is being artificially administered. Nevertheless, the emperor spent a portion of the afternoon on the terrace, looking emaciated and wan. It seems that the local disease has reached the mouth of the gullet and that the wall and cartilages between the latter and the windpipe are partly destroyed, or at least affected.

The worst symptoms now are his dislike to take food and his disposition to nausea, but the emperor's patience is admirable. Happily he does not know his danger, and feels no pain. The latest extra, rather exaggerated, says: "The doctors have now given up all hope and the long feared mournful event is nearer indeed than was expected some days ago."

All last night the empress sat up by her husband's bed-side. She will do the same again to-night. The latest edition of the official papers refrain from general comment, but it is accepted in well informed circles, that the worst apprehended has taken place since came the fistulate communication between the gullet and windpipe. All that human science and personal devotion can effect is being done to relieve the suffering monarch and prolong his life, but the disease has almost reached that point where science can only alleviate.

The doctors admit the emperor is in an almost hopeless condition. The crown prince was summoned to the palace at midnight. Through some changes, the exact nature of which the doctors are uncertain, the cartilage of the epiglottis has become permeable, allowing particles of food and liquids to enter the air tubes, the result being attacks of coughing and choking. Whether the epiglottis has been attacked by a malignant disease the doctors are unable to determine. The emperor is rapidly weakening.

NEWS NOTES.

Mrs. Pope, wife of Major-General John Pope, died in St. Louis on the 12th.

The recent census places the population of Baltimore, Md., at 416,865.

Jonathan A. Chase was re-elected to the United States senate by the Rhode Island legislature.

Herr Von Bulow, the pianist, has been engaged by Stanton to appear at the Metropolitan in New York city.

The Mississippi Logging company's shingle mill and boarding house, at Eau Claire, burned. Loss, $35,000.

The Gettysburg memorial service begun on the 12th with a number of New York and Pennsylvania veterans present.

A piano box containing 685 pounds of opium was seized by the customs surveyor of St. Louis at the Wabash depot in that city.

In the suit of Miss Minnie Terry, of New York, against the wife of Dr. Perrine for $10,000 damages for libel, the jury brought in a sealed verdict awarding the plaintiff twelve cents damages.

William P. Perry, a young man hailing from Osage, claiming to be a school teacher, was taken into custody at Waterloo, Iowa, by officers. The fellow is insane and has a large amount of money on his person.

Indian Commissioner Atkins has tendered his resignation, to take effect at the pleasure of the president, and will soon leave Washington for his home in Tennessee to enter upon an active canvass for election to the United States senate.

Hon. John A. Hull of Boone, Iowa, went to his farm a few miles out of town last week, and while talking with his men dropped dead. He was the senior member of the Boone county bar and a lawyer of state reputation and acquaintance.

The Washington National Republican, after a career of nearly twenty-eight years, suspended publication on the 12th, the paper having been merged into the Washington Post, which is now [illegible] an independent journal. For the present until the conclusion of other arrangements the Post continues under the old management, Stilson Hutchins retaining the business control.

The following patents were granted Nebraska and Iowa inventors on the [illegible]: James W. Ballard and H. L. Fisher, Toledo, Ia., scales for weighing railroad cars; Samuel Dickson, Lewis, Ia., potato plow; Everard Ekker, Knoxville, Ia., device for ascertaining and recording slaughtered animals; Frederick Fischer, Des Moines, Ia., steam engine; William H. Garrett, Geneva, Neb., tool rack; Paul Ramser, Dubuque, Ia., ruby pin setter; Zouave A. Randleman and C. M. Randleman, Carlisle, Ia., hay and fodder fork; George D. and C. Rathman, Blair, Neb., railway crossing alarm signal; Isaac Thompson, Andrew, Ia., sled brake.

Death of Mrs. Sheridan.

A special from Somerset, O., says: Mrs. Sheridan, mother of General Phil Sheridan, died at her home here to-day, after a long illness.

Mrs. Sheridan was born in County Cavan, Ireland, came to the United States in 1828, and to Ohio in 1832. She was never robust in appearance. Her stature was small, and her weight of late did not exceed seventy pounds, but she no doubt exceeded 150 pounds in her younger years. Her eyes were gray, keen and searching; her utterance free and decisive. She lived in the house which the general purchased for the family before the war. In this house resided John Sheridan, his wife and daughters, now at school. Mother Sheridan was provided with all the heart could wish for in this world's store, and was thrifty to the care and [illegible] of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. John L. Sheridan. Reports concerning the dangerous condition of her son Phil, were studiously kept from Mother Sheridan, but she knew that he was sick.

Postoffice Department.

Washington dispatch: The report of the auditor for the postoffice department for the quarter ending December 31, 1887, shows the receipts from all sources to have been $12,628,982, and the expenditures [illegible], deficiency $[illegible]. The report shows that the receipts for this quarter were the largest for any quarter in the history of the government, and the deficiency the smallest since the reduction of the rate of postage in 1883.

The postmaster general is preparing with all necessary haste the postoffice department exhibit which is to be sent to the Cincinnati exposition which opens July 4. The exhibit will include a regularly equipped postoffice for the transaction of business, which will be made a branch of the Cincinnati city office; specimens of all the equipments used in the transaction of postal business; specimens of stamps, stamped envelopes and postal cards in use at various times; probably a model postal car and whatever else may be necessary and available to properly illustrate the history, management and progress of the mail service.

It is announced that the postoffice department is now prepared to consider the claims of postmasters who have suffered loss of postal funds by fire, burglary or in transit by unavoidable casualty since March 17, 1887. All claimants must present their claims within six months after May 9, 1888, the date of the approval of the act under which payment will be made.

Blanks and all needed information will be supplied by the assistant attorney general for the postoffice department.

Damage by the Water-spout.

Parsons (Kas.) special: The force of the water-spout that burst near Blue Jacket, I. T., last Friday, and wrought such great damage to the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad, seems almost incredible. The greatest damage was done by the flood in a dam immediately north of Equator hill, where an iron bridge of 108 feet in length, together with 600 feet of track on each side of the bridge, was swept away in an instant and carried nearly a half mile, when it was left a twisted mass of iron, high and dry. On the prairie 800 feet of embankment built fifteen years ago, was washed away, and huge cubes of stone weighing from one to two tons each were torn out of the embankment and scattered down the draw over the distance of nearly a mile. A through freight train had just passed over the draw a moment before, and the train men witnessed the approach of the great water-spout, which, they say, resembled an inverted mountain sweeping toward the cut in awful majesty. When the point of the water-spout struck the apex of Equator hill it broke off, the flood poured out, and great masses of water poured down the side of the hill like huge ocean waves. One of the waves struck the railroad and started the bridge and track, and the next succeeding one swept it all away. An immense amount of water ran down the hill on the south side, and caused a flood which carried away three more railroad bridges. The officers of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad say that it will cost the company nearly $24,000 to repair the damage.

Vermont Prohibitionists.

Montpelier dispatch: The prohibition state convention assembled this morning. An organization was effected with W. L. Pearl as temporary chairman and a recess was taken until afternoon.

Upon assembling the following state officers were nominated: For governor, Henry M. Seely, Middlebury; lieutenant-governor, George E. Crowell, Brattleboro; secretary of state, Archibald O. Ferguson, Burlington; auditor, C. S. Parker, Elsmore; treasurer, A. B. Bexley, Poultney. Congressman, first district, Peter Dake, Ferrisburg; second district, S. W. Hinman, Brattleboro. Electors-at-large—J. B. George, Barre; H. Whitmore, St. Albany; first district, G. A. Whattles, Bennington; second district, Myron Davidson, Newfane.

Resolutions were adopted stamping manufacturing and traffic in alcoholic liquors as a high crime; demanding rigid prohibition amendments to the state and national constitutions and laws; condemning the intimidation of voters; favoring woman suffrage and calling for the abolition of the internal revenue system.

A Long-Lost Father.

Shelbyville (Ill.) dispatch: In 1877 Marvin H. Phipps, a well-to-do farmer of Gallatin county, Ky., almost insane because of a wayward daughter, left his home and family, determined to be a wanderer the remainder of his life. His family made every effort to ascertain his whereabouts but were unsuccessful and gave him up for dead. A few days ago his son, still living on the old farm with his mother, saw in a daily paper that M. H. Phipps, of Shelbyville, Ill., had been allowed a pension as a Mexican veteran. He arrived here yesterday and found his long-lost father an inmate of the poor house. Phipps is now 78 years of age.

Russia and France.

London dispatch: The Moscow Gazette, in discussing the affairs of Germany, especially Emperor Frederick's health, says: "It is time for each power to clearly specify its future policy. A community of interests between Russia and France is the logical sequence of the general political situation."

Francis Murphy, the temperance revivalist, attributes much of his success to the fact that while speaking he never permits himself to say a harsh or unkind word about the drunkard or the saloon-keeper. A quotation from the Talmud seems to fit in there: "Thy friend has a friend, and thy friend's friend has a friend; be discreet."

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe finds efficient assistance in writing her autobiography in the person of Mrs. McCray, a friend and neighbor. It is to be regretted for several reasons that the distinguished sister of Henry Ward Beecher did not begin her work several years ago.

An Elko (Nev.) land-owner is seeding his ranch to tea, and will employ Indian women and children to gather the crop. These people ought to do as well at this business as the Chinese after a little experience.

An Immense stock of Wall Paper at John E. McFarland's.

The Wayne Herald.

GOSHORN & McNEAL Editors.

Largest Circulation of any Paper in Wayne County.

Official Paper of Town and County.

THURSDAY, JUNE 21, 1888.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Representative in Congress,
G. W. E. DORSEY,
of Dodge County.

Emperor Frederick, of Germany, died last Friday.

Gen. Sheridan is reported as gaining strength.

Sioux City is just fairly tickled to death over the beauty of the special "Corn Palace" train it sent to the Chicago convention.

There is yet nothing to indicate what the result of the Chicago convention will be. Balloting will begin today but it is not probable that any nominations will be made before to-morrow.

The Omaha Bee took it almost as a personal insult that Thurston was selected as temporary chairman of the Chicago convention, but even the Bee is compelled to recognize the ability with which he discharged the duties of the position. It says:

The speech of John M. Thurston, in assuming the office of temporary chairman, is everywhere eulogized to-night as one which has set the key-note of the tone for the sessions of the convention. It was admirable in conception, eloquent in expression, forcible in delivery and replete with tact. The volume of cheers which accompanied the speaker's periods marked the powerful effect it produced. In its treatment of the candidacy which the unwise friends of Mr. Blaine are attempting to force upon the convention against his known wishes, he has done much to dispel the danger of an early Blaine stampede as the strenuous efforts this morning of Senators Jones and Hale and Messrs. Phelps and Boutelle. Three New Jersey delegates who had announced their intention of breaking for Blaine at the first chance tell me to-night that Thurston's presentation has decided them that they would be doing their beloved leader a shameful political wrong by such a move. Let credit be given where it is due. Thurston was in every way equal to the occasion. He covered himself with glory and deserved all the enthusiasm he awaked and all the applause he evoked.

The race for temporary chairman of the national convention was a tie between Thurston of this state and Estee of California, the chairman casting the deciding vote for Thurston who thus won the honor.

The Bee's great hullaballoo about the Nebraska delegation intending to vote for Depew seems to have been a little scheme to enable it to claim that its influence prevented the delegation from going to him. The delegates say that in their comparison of notes it was agreed that of all candidates Depew was the only one whom they could not support under any circumstances.

The accession of the new emperor of Germany is the cause of a great deal of apprehension among the European countries, as on him, more than any other depends peace or war in Europe. Every sentence he utters in public is carefully scrutinized and analyzed. The general opinion is that with an impetuous young ruler, ambitious of military renown, war is a question of but a short time and a suitable pretext.

The Chicago Herald contains the following complimentary reference to a prominent Nebraskan:

John M. Thurston. Does any Chicagoan remember John Thurston? He is a delegate from Nebraska and is chairman of the delegation from that state. He was formerly the driver of an express wagon in this city, and began his business career in that humble capacity. He had remarkable ambition, studied nights and devoted hours every day to a thorough course of reading. Going to Nebraska he identified himself with the politics and growth of that state and has won fortune and honor. Speaking of John Thurston yesterday J S Clarkson, of Iowa, said: 'No, I didn't know that Thurston was formerly an expressman in Chicago but I do know that he is one of the most promising men in political life to be found west of the Mississippi river. His judgement I regard as almost infallible. He is a logical reasoner, makes a splendid speech, has great individuality, and is a born leader of men.' Mr. Thurston left for the west at 5:30 yesterday afternoon, but will return on Saturday.

LEGISLATION OUT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

(H. E. KETCHUM.)

(Continued from last week.)

Another law should authorize county commissioners to provide for depositing the county funds at banks, on the best terms obtainable for the county, and also to let the job of keeping the county books to the lowest and best bidder, just the same as contracts are let for any other service. Require that bidders shall have resided in the county a given number of years, men of good standing and business qualifications, to give sufficient bond, &c. There is no good reason why this or any other county should be compelled to pay two thousand dollars annually, more or less, to men in the offices of clerk and treasurer, more than the service is worth, and more than other equally competent and trustworthy men would do it for.

Every four years we have a presidential election. Great excitement usually prevails, and in the uncertainty, values are unsettled and the direct money loss to farmers and business interests reaches into millions. I have been something of a student of politics of this and other countries, and I have long been of the opinion that the presidency, as an elective office, should be abolished; that the president should reach that office by promotion, for a limited time and with no possibility of a second term. Say with every new congress the whole country elect a speaker of the house, as they now elect a president. Reserve two years, then president of the senate two years, then secretary of state two years, then president two years, after election to be in line of promotion in case of death or disability of the president. That would make the presidency a purely executive office, and take it largely out of the mud of politics.

There are numerous other things that might be changed for the benefit of the public. The fact is the government is being run in the interest of party and class. The political leaders of both parties want no settlement of the tariff question at present. They try to magnify the differences to make it appear there is really something to fight about, keep the two armies facing each other in political battle, while they slide into the good offices, and have the handling of the plunder. Independence in politics is a very beautiful theory, but amounts to nothing in practice. No doubt there are thousands of honest republicans who would leave the party, but they cannot go to the democratic. That party is owned and controlled by the fag end of the confederacy through the solid south. And where can the honest democrat go? Not to the republicans, for that is firmly in the grasp of the corporations and the money power. If any one doubts this statement let him look up the records of its senators and representatives in Washington, and then the delegates at large from this state to the national republican convention, men who do not, and can not, represent the republican voters of this state. Nevertheless they are sent up by the republican machine. Like conditions prevail in other states, and in the democratic party. Any third party movement is a waste of time and effort. There is then but one way, as I look at it. That is, for the poor men, the rank and file voters of both parties, to fire out these candidates and delegates, and self-constituted leaders as fast as possible, and elect poor men of their own class to the conventions, to the legislature, to congress, to the U. S. senate. In short to rescue the government. It has fallen among thieves and been wounded, and is waiting for the good Samaritan. A poor man who was sufficiently educated to read and write, and understand plain English, and was honest, with the public interest at heart, would be an ornament in congress now. If a congress could be drawn as a jury is drawn, it would be a vast improvement over the present one. There might not be so many plumed knights with shining lances, ready to bleed the public, nor so many tall sycamores with red noses and black records, but there would be vastly more trustworthy, honorable men than now. This country is cursed with smart men in office, what it needs is more honest ones, even if they are not so smart. The war of the rebellion was brought on by smart men, political tricksters and scoundrels, who, while pretending to represent the people of the south, really manufactured the sentiment and feeling, which, under their urging and lead, brought on the war. Traitors to their own constituents, to the government and the human race, ought then to have died like dogs, at the end of a rope, and yet, thanks to the caucus, the convention, and the political machine they have served in congress most of the time to the present. There is now far more bribery, deception, and all kinds of corrupt practices in the elections and political management than formerly. How long shall we continue to pay a premium on these by electing these political bosses and corruptionists to the offices?

(Continued next week.)

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. B. J. Kain

How Birds Learn to Sing.

Most people probably imagine that birds sing by instinct; that the song of the robin is as natural to him as his red breast, that the bluebird is not more liable to change its note than its color; and that, untaught, the nightingale will always sing the same beautiful song.

This common impression, however, is erroneous. Young birds will never sing the song peculiar to their tribe if they have never heard it, but if associated with some other bird, will learn its song instead. A redstart once built its nest under the eaves of a house where a caged chaffinch hung in a window underneath. The redstart learned the chaffinch's song. Another redstart was noticed to repeat the notes of a blackcap which had its nest close by.

The winchat and wheatear have naturally but little variety of notes, but will become much better songsters if confined with other birds, and the bullfinch can be taught to whistle complete tunes, although its own natural notes are harsh and insignificant. On the other hand, the nightingale in confinement will sometimes exchange its own beautiful song for that of some other bird that it may hear. The Hon. Daines Barrington says that he saw a linnet which had been taken from the nest when only two or three days old, and which, not having any other sounds to imitate, almost learned to articulate, and could repeat the words "pretty boy" and some other short sentences. He educated nestling linnets under the three best singing larks, the skylark woodlark and titlark, every one of which, instead of the linnet's song, adhered entirely to that of their respective instructors. When the note of the titlark was thoroughly fixed, he hung the linnet which had learned it in a room for three months with two common linnets which were in full song. The educated linnet, however, never borrowed any passage from the other linnets, but adhered steadfastly to that of the titlark which it had learned. At Knighton, in Radnorshire, he saw a goldfinch which sang exactly like a wren, and uttered no proper note of its species. The bird had been taken from the nest when it was two days old, and was hung in a window opposite a small garden, where it had no doubt, heard and learned the wren's song, having never had the opportunity to learn that of the goldfinch. Birds taken from the nest two or three weeks old have already learned the call-notes of their species. These and many similar facts go to prove that birds do not sing by instinct. They learn their songs from their parents. If they have no opportunity of hearing the song peculiar to their species, they never sing it, but will learn any other instead; just as an American child taken to France when a few weeks old would never speak English if he never heard it, but would learn to speak French. —*Popular Science News.*

Some Wise Sayings.

Learn to say no to yourself.

Were words ideas, what an ideal world this would be.

A friend without discretion is more to be feared than an enemy in armor.

Fear of sickness is the first call for the doctor; the rest is only a question of time.

Children obtain the majority of their knowledge of evil and consequent desire to taste it from the talk of their parents.

Every profession of religion that does not make a man kind to his parents, wife and children is a mistake in the article.

Moses may have made mistakes, but he never went back 4000 years to attack a dead man.

Truth is as indifferent to public opinions as the general public is to truth.

Give no friendship to one who obeys to your thinking your own thinks.

Every time you strike your own child you admit your incapacity to govern yourself or others.

The best friend is the one who gives the best advice.

The biggest crowds in heaven are for those who were the most natural on earth.

God may have use for cowards, but has never yet so advertised.

Let every man be himself as God intended and the world will grow steadily better.

As love casteth out fear, so does fear cast out love.

Every thinker and utterer of good thoughts is a pioneer, pushing his way through the brambles to contend against darkness, ignorance and superstition.

Sunshine as a Medicine.

Sleepless people—and there are many in America—should court the sun. The very worst soporific is laudanum; the very best is sunshine. Therefore it is very plain that poor sleepers should pass as many hours of the day as possible in the sunshine, and few as possible in the shade. Many women are martyrs, and do not know it. They shut the sunshine out of their houses and their hearts; they wear veils, they carry parasols; they do all that is possible to keep off the subtlest and yet the most potent influence which is intended to give them strength, and beauty, and cheerfulness. Is it not time to change all this, to get roses and color in your pale cheeks, strength in your weak bodies? The women of America are pale and delicate. They may be blooming and strong, and the sunlight will be a potent influence in this transformation.

Misapplied Science.

Mrs. De Trott (who has just built a new house)—"Our decorator told me I ought to have a globule for the library."

Dealer—"You mean a globe, madam. Here's a fine one."

Mrs. De Trott—"Yes, but I want a square one to fit in a particular corner near the fire-place." —*Tid-Bits.*

WHERE DO YOU BUY YOUR SHOES?

It is none of our business as a matter of fact, but we do want to tell you something of value to all born barefooted.

FIRSTLY—We have now the largest and most complete stock of fashionable, durable, seasonable reasonable, perfect fitting, wear resisting, Footwear in Wayne. SECONDLY—We have bought all of our goods direct from the manufacturers in the east, and can save you the middle man's profit, besides 15 to 25 per cent on every dollars worth of Boots and Shoes bought at our store. THIRDLY—We have abandoned the credit business once and forever, for the reason that the margin on our goods will not allow us to sell on credit. This advantage will be worth a journey to share in. It will pay you to come and see us if you are living anywhere within 50 miles. Now come along quick. The journey will pay you. Our first and last word is buy for cash in a cash store.

FRED. LILLJEBERG, Wayne, Neb.

SOMMAR MILLINERY,

Wi hava ett stort ock val sorterodt lagar of alla sorters Sommar Articklar for Damar. For goda varor och billga priser, com och se oss.

WILKINSON & SWAN.

HINRICHS & SHIRTS.

Blacksmiths.

Wayne, Nebraska.

HORSE-SHOEING A SPECILTY

Shop 1st door of the Baptist church.

If you want any

Insurance or a Loan on

Farm or town property

Call on or address

B. F. Feather, Wayne, Neb.

W. A. IVORY,

DENTIST,

WAYNE, NEB.

Italized Alnder Painless Extracting

Work Guaranteed First-class.

AUG. PIEPENSTOCK

City Bakery,

And Grocery.

Fresh First Class Goods at Reasonable Prices.

Call and give me a trial.

Lunch Room in Connection.

L. S. WINSOR'S

Blacksmith Shop

Second door west of Barrington's

HORSE-SHOEING

A specialty and all work guaranteed to be first class

BEE HIVE

Blacksmith Shop.

M. STRINGER, Prop.

Work Guaranteed. Shop first door south of Perry & Warner's Barn

Wm. PIEPENSTOCK,

Harness -:- Maker

Work First-Class.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Shop on the third door east of Jno. T. McFarland's

CITY

MEAT MARKET

J. H. GOLL, Prop'r.

Will keep First-Class Meats Always on Hand.

Bacon, Hams, and all kinds Sausage

Give me a call. Markets on West side of Main Street.

Highest cash prices paid for Hides.

HARDWARE.

CHACE & NEELY. CHACE & NEELY.

HARD WAAE.

CHACE & NEELY. CHACE & NEELY

H. GREGORY'S

Blacksmith Wagon Shop

Is the place to save money by getting both kinds of work done by the same man. All work and prices guaranteed to give satisfaction. Shop on First street north of the Commercial house.

Harrington Bros. NEW Spring Goods,

At the

OLD CORNER STORE.

We are much better prepared

This Spring than ever before

To show our trade the finest line of goods ever brought to the cit

Headquarters for

Hendersen's

Celebrated Boots and Shoes

THE OMAHA HERALD

A First Class Newspaper and the only one in Omaha that prints Daily Two Press Reports

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Address THE HERALD, Omaha, Neb.

Grand Bargains!

AT THE EXCLUSIVE

BOOT AND SHOE STORE

IN

Ladies', Childrens' & Gents' Shoes,

This offering will be the largest and best assortment of New desirable and seasonable goods which has ever been shown in Wayne and will be well worth the attention. We mark all our goods in plain figures and have but one price for all. We guarantee all goods to be as represented. Examine our goods and get styles and prices before buying elsewhere. No trouble to show goods.

Respectfully, JUHLIN & JOHNSON.

First door south of the Boyd, Wayne, Nebraska.

Go to John E. McFarland's for Wall Paper.

Rail Road Time Table

GOING EAST

" 10, Randolph Freight, arr. 8 20, dep. 8 25 a. m.
" 30, Norfolk Freight, " 4 30, " 4 35 "
" 14, " Passenger, " 6 40, " 6 45 "

GOING WEST

" 13, Randolph Freight, arr. 4 45, dep. 4 50 p. m.
" 29, Norfolk Freight, " 12 35, " 12 35 "
" 11, " Passenger, " 3 30, " 3 35 "

ABOUT THE SIZE OF IT.

"Grover Cleveland from Buffalo,
Head the leaders, I boss the show;
There's one of me,
There's thousands of them.
They are the buds,
And I am the stem.
I lop them off
Or let them stay
Just as I happen
To feel that day!

"Grover Cleveland from Buffalo,
The one big man in the party you know

"Grover Cleveland from Buffalo,
Work my thinker I do not blow
I've got my grip,
And I'll stay right there
While the leaders cuss,
And the leaders swear.
I take it serenely,
I know my chance
I hold up the party
By the seat of the pants.

"Grover Cleveland from Buffalo,
I'm the unit of value they can't let go
They'd knife me, of course
They've got the gall
But they'd rather have me
Than nothing at all.

"I'm Grover Cleveland from Buffalo,
If I get left the party must go.

Celebrate at Wayne.

A fine rain Tuesday night.

A tennis club is being organized.

Clothing at cost at C. Andersen's.

Go to Ahern's for your fine parasols

A new roof is being put on the county jail.

Everything at cost or less, at C. Andersen's.

The Monday Club has adjourned until after the hot weather.

Try those 50 lb pails of jelly only $1 at Orr Star Grocery.

Wm House brought in 250 head of cattle from Iowa last Friday.

Last Saturday was one of the busiest days Wayne seen for a long time.

There will be the biggest crowd and biggest time at Wayne on the Fourth.

H. B. Miller shipped three car loads of cattle from Wineside to Omaha yesterday.

Frui Miz the finest drink of the day at Van Camp & Perrine's.

Remember the grand ball to be given by the Wayne cornet band on the night of July 4th.

Special bargains in ladies and gents' gold watches at the jewelry store of Hayes & King.

The measles are abroad among the Indians of the Omaha agency, and a large number have died.

Hugh McGill and Harriet Curry of Cuming County were married by county judge Martin Tuesday.

The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meets in the Presbyterian church Friday evening.

The passenger was delayed yesterday morning at Wineside to bring several car loads of stock to Wayne.

Rev J. P. Mueller has ordered for J. T. Bressler from one of the best German factories, an elegant upright piano.

I must sell my stock of general merchandise within a few days. If you want a bargain call at the old Chicago store. C. Andersen.

A quartette of Wayne checker players Messrs. Linn Chace Myers and Graves went to Wakefield this morning to play a series of games with the Wakefield artists.

Prof. James Williamson will give a social of land entertainment at the hall tomorrow evening. His entertainments are well spoken of by the press in the places he has visited.

The commissioners have had a long siege of it this time. They have been in session over a week, the greater part of the time being taken up in correcting errors in the assessors books.

This town is going to have the "grip to beat" fever very bad in the near future. It has already gone so far that every person who has a horse that can go a mile in less than ten minutes, either has bought, or is going to buy, a road cart and train his horse.

Quite a little type got into the forms last week without the customary "proof" being taken, and as the orthography of the "off" item does not always correspond with that of the late Noah Webster, a number of paragraphs presented a very picturesque appearance.

For chronic catarrh, induced by a scrofulous taint, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the true remedy. It stops catarrhal discharges, removes the sickening odor and never fails to thoroughly eradicate every trace of the disease from the blood. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

They should both be killed. That is to say those who have been persecuting their defenseless fellow creatures with the questions, "Is it hot enough for you?" and, "Whole going to be nominated?" "Warm?" These queries are all right a few hundred times, but they grow everlastingly monotonous in the course of time.

Some of our young men would like to see a spelling school established here on the principle as the school in Dakota county, where, if a girl misses a word and a boy spells it properly, he is entitled to a kiss from the damsel. The boys think the fact that the girls spell better than they do could be easily reversed by a little application.

The Sioux City Journal is the only metropolitan paper that has a direct interest in this section of Nebraska, and the only one that is its constant and unfailing advocate twelve months in every year. Moreover the weekly edition is one of the very best papers published in the west, and should go into every family in Wayne county. You can try it three months FREE by taking advantage of the combination noted in another column.

Groceries at cost at C. Andersen's. See the new ad of Juhlin & Johnson.

Gents' furnishing goods at cost C. Andersen.

Frui Miz at Van Camp & Perine's

20 lb Pails of jelly for $1.00 at the Star Grocery.

H. C. Brome, of Norfolk, has gone to Omaha to practice his profession there.

Born:—To Henry Joyner and wife, of Chapin precinct, Monday June 18th, a daughter.

The remarkable events that are not happening in Wayne would fill several columns of space.

$1 50 cash gets you the Kansas City Journal until Nov 11, and the HERALD one year. Try it.

Sam Kraabel has rigged up a lazy man's fan, to keep his fevered blood cool while he works.

The Wayne Cornet Band will give a grand ball on the night of July 4th to which all are invited.

P. M. Corbit will be back from Chicago soon with a line of the biggest bargains ever seen in Wayne.

Rev Robt L. Wheeler of Ponca will remove here. He resigned his charge at Ponca and will go to South Omaha.

As I am going to Washington Territory in a short time, I will sell you anything in my line at first cost. C. Andersen.

Try Frui Miz at Van Camp & Perrine's.

My goods must be sold within a few days. Now is the time get a bargain on anything in the line of funeral merchandise. C. Andersen.

If you see a farmer with an unusually bright smile, the chances are he has cattle about ready for market and the price is away up.

D. D. Strickland was kicked by a horse Monday, and two of his ribs were broken. He is getting along nicely, but he will not do much work for some time.

There will be a special meeting of Wayne Lodge No. 120, A. F. & A. M. Friday June 29th for installation of officers. All members are requested to be present.

Get a glass of Frui Miz at Van Camp & Perrine's that can't be beat.

Having sold my wagon and carriage making business to Powenberg & Son I want all parties owing me to call and settle at once by cash or note.

H. A. WHITTAKER.

"A drunk and disorderly" was before Judge Chase yesterday and was sentenced to thirty days in the county jail, sentence was suspended on condition that he raise up his abode elsewhere. He agreed to go.

The meed of merit for promoting personal comfortness is due to J. C. Ayer & Co., whose Hair Vigor is a universal beautifier of the hair. Harmless, effective and agreeable. It ranks among the indispensables toilet articles.

The members of Wayne Lodge I. O. O. F are earnestly requested to attend the regular meeting to be held on Thursday evening June 28th at which time the election of officers for the ensuing term will occur. HENRY LEY, N. G.

Mrs J. D. Slater opened an ice cream parlor Monday in the building first door north of Henry Ley's store, where ice cream and lemonade can be procured at all hours. She will also keep on hand a fine line of fruits. Give her a call.

By your goods at cost of C. Andersen.

There seems to be a general idea that we have had all our rain and for the next month or two will go dry. The weather prophets, who know as much about it as anybody—and no more—say that we will have plenty of rain during July and August. Their confidence makes us doubt it.

NEW HATS.

An elegant assortment just in at Mrs. M. P. Ahern's.

Twine is being contracted for and Lund & Anthony seem to have a supply of the best twines obtainable.

It pays to get the best.

With the Deering binder and mower they are satisfied that they can show the farmers the machine it will be to their advantage to buy.

There is no loss in town for sale, and the unfortunate citizen who did not put up with takes off his hat deferentially as the citizen who did, passes by, and calls attention to his parched tongue and fevered brow but so far this way of working on the sympathies of the less unfortunate has not proven an astonishing success.

Frui Miz the New Mexican beverage at Van Camp & Perrine's.

The following is no "chestnut" try it. Put down in figures the year in which you were born, to this add four, then add your age at your next birthday, multiply this result by 25, from this result subtract 677 425 now in the result substitute for the figures corresponding letters of the alphabet—a for 1, b for 2, c for 3 and so on. The result will be the name by which you are popularly known.—Ex.

HOW TO CURE SALT RHEUM AND TETTER.

Many persons firmly believe that salt rheum and tetter cannot be cured and quietly submit to be tormented by them. If they would invest twenty five cents in a box of Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment and apply it as directed they would soon become convinced of their error. It almost instantly relieves the itching and burning sensation and has cured many cases after they had resisted all other treatments for from ten to twenty years. Try it. For sale by B. J. Kase.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents box. For sale by Wigstman & McFarland.

PERSONAL

Dr. Crawford is home from the south.

Erick Johnson went to Omaha Tuesday.

R. Philleo is home from his southern trip.

Nels Orcutt was in Sioux City Saturday.

G. R. Carter was up from Wineside yesterday.

Jas. Kelley went to Blair yesterday morning.

M. Stringer and daughter Carrie were at Sioux City Tuesday.

Herb. Whitman has gone to Pennsylvania, to stay, he says.

Mrs. D. C. Patterson, of Omaha, is visiting her parents.

R. W. Tirrill of Manchester, Iowa, is here looking after his real estate.

Mrs. H. B. Boyd went to Des Moines, Monday, to visit with her mother.

Frank Fuller was in Hartington on legal business the first of the week.

George Hornby, of Wineside, made the HERALD office a pleasant call Saturday.

Jas. Dobbin and J. S. French went to Yankton Monday to look after real estate matters.

Miss Mabel Gamble has returned from Omaha, where she has been attending school.

L. C. Dearborn, P. A. English and Dr. Crawford and daughter are in Sioux City today.

J. D. King and wife left Tuesday for a visit at their old home, Blairstown, Iowa, and other places.

A. A. Welch went to Omaha Tuesday, to reinstate Wayne Lodge No. 120, A. F. & A. M. in the grand lodge.

Mrs. D. Wise was called to Sioux City Tuesday, by a telegram announcing the sudden illness of her daughter, Maud.

Geo. Shaw, Jas. Harbour, Frank M. Northrop and J. T. Bressler went to Chicago Tuesday to help nominate the next president.

Chas. Robbins received a telegram calling him to Tekamah yesterday morning on account of the dangerous illness of his father.

John Green and Clarence Briggs drove over from Wayne Monday on their way to West Point. They go there to move Mr. Burker's goods back to Wayne Co.—Bremer Times.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

List of letters remaining uncalled for in the Wayne post office for the week ending June 18th.

J. B. Davis, James O'Neal, Wm Taylor, Herrn H. Wolf, Anna Damme.

Parties calling for the above will say "Advertised," and give date.

M. DEARBORN, P. M.

Commencement Exercises

The commencement of the Academy will be next week. The annual sermon to the students will be delivered by Prof. McCool in the Lutheran church on Sunday evening Tuesday and Wednesday will be devoted to examination. On Wednesday evening will be an address by Rev. J. C. Jachoy of West Point. On Thursday afternoon the junior exhibition and on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, the commencement exercises. All are cordially invited to be present.

DIED. At his residence two miles north of Wayne, on Tuesday June 18th, 1888, Adam Henry Miller Sr., aged 75 years.

Mr Miller was born in Hanover, Germany in 1813 and came to America in 1845 living in Indiana two years, and in Nebraska fourteen years. He was married for more than fifty years, and his wife survives him. He had ten children, seven daughters and three sons. Of these six, one son and five daughters are living. He had twenty six grandchildren living at the time of his death. The funeral will take place from the Lutheran church this afternoon.

A stock theatrical company from Sioux City will be at the town hall Monday Tuesday and Wednesday evenings next week, under the auspices of the band. The company has been playing to large houses in Sioux City and all the papers speak highly of their playing. The following is from the Journal of Tuesday:

The rendition of "Lost at Sea" by the stock company at the Academy last evening was a pleasant surprise to the audience. The alleged artists who butchered the star parts at the last performance were gone and their places filled by genuine, live actors. Edward and Hazel Barrett appeared in the star parts and at once ingratiated themselves with the audience. The support was very good and the music and scenery were effective. From present indications it is safe to predict a successful career for this company. The same play will be reproduced this evening.

I am prepared to dig wells, cellars and cisterns, and will guarantee satisfaction. J. H. Durick.

Dr. Cadwalladers Condition Powders tone up the digestive organs, free the system of worms, give the horse a good appetite, causing them to shed freely and putting them in good shape for hard work. For sale by B. J. Kase.

ROAD NOTICE

(June 7—28).

All claims for damages by reason of a proposed road on south half of section line between sections 15 and 16, Twp. 25 range 6 east must be filed in the office of the Clerk of Wayne county, Neb. on or before noon of the 11th day of August, 1888, or such road will be located without reference thereto.

By Order of Commissioners.

WM. MILLER, Co. Clerk

June 7th, 1888.

Their Business Booming.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at J. E. McFarland's drug store as their giving to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. Kings New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and all throat and lung diseases quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a free trial bottle free, large size, 81. Every bottle warranted.

The Sioux City Weekly Journal for Three Months, Free.

By arrangements with the publishers we are enabled to offer the Sioux City Weekly Journal free for three months to all new subscribers for the HERALD, or those who may pay up arrearages. This proposition is held open until July 20. The Journal is a great newspaper, and is particularly desirable in this campaign year.

Democrats.

There will be a meeting at the town hall, Saturday June 23d at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of organizing a County Democratic Club. All interested requested to be present.

D. W. C. Hood,
Chairman.

STRAYED OR STOLEN. From my residence, 2 miles north of Wayne, a handdark brown silly reing three years old a small mark in right ear, bright colored about muzzle. Any one returning her to me will be handsomely rewarded.

JOHN DONNEY.

A FINE LINE
Lawns and White Goods at Ahern's

Hosiery at cost at C. Andersen's.

White Oak posts direct from California, strong enough to hold an elephant, at Philleo & Son's.

I have two fine thoroughbred bull calves for sale. R. Frazier.

The world renowned acorn stoves at Chace & Neely's.

Quick Meal gasoline stoves, at Linn Bros.

A large lot of Mogul screen doors just received at Philleo & Son's.

Gloves and mitts, a full line in every the best quality. Gloves 15 cents. Mr Clay & Taylor.

Buy the "Sioux Brand" paints, a fine stock just received by the Edwards & Mc'Mahon Lumber Co.

Plants, Seeds, Cut flowers, Bulbs at Lincoln Floral Conservatory. See ad. in this paper.

When you buy lumber come where you can get a large selection from an entirely new stock and at the lowest prices. Philleo & Son.

Complete line of Dinner Sets, at Hartington Bros.

I am now killing as fine a quality of beef as has ever been put on the block in Wayne. Best quality of Steers, and the best hogs used. J. H. Goll.

German Millet seed for sale at 75 cts per bushel. W. H. Gildersleeve.

Parties wishing to have surveying done will please leave orders with Wm. Miller at the county Clerk's office.

F. M. Wade Co. Surveyor.

MUSLIN & GAUZE UNDERWEAR at Ahern's.

Fine line of Scotch Ginghams at Connor Corbit & Co.

I have a number of very fine thoroughbred Poland China boar pigs for sale. R. Frazier.

All goods in our line but on hand will be sacrificed on small margin. Hayes & King Jewelers.

Mixed Paints, of all shades, at Linn Bros.

A good stock of spectacles and table silverware on hand at reasonable prices. Please examine our stock and prices. Hayes & King.

Wire screens and screen doors at Linn Bros.

MILLINERY, MILLINERY.

Greatly reduced prices at Mrs. M. P. Ahern.

For a most desirable line of summer millinery including all of the latest styles in hats and trimmings go to Mr Clay & Taylor's.

A fine line of carpet samples at low prices at Corbit, Connor & Co's.

I am prepared to furnish sand in any quantity for plastering purposes.

J. F. Sherbahn.

The world renowned acorn stoves at Chace & Neely's.

Bird cages, all new, at Linn Bros.

A large and complete assortment of corsets from 50 cents upwards, at McClay and Taylor's.

We have the finest lot of all kinds of lumber in Wayne. Everything new no old stock. Office in the English brick building. Philleo & Son.

We have the finest line of samples of Brussels, Moquets, Wilton Velvet, and Ingrain Carpets to select from in town, and at lower prices than ever offered before. Connor, Corbit & Co.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft, or Callouned Lumps and Blemishes from Horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Stifles, Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throat, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Every bottle warranted by John E. McFarland Druggist.

Too many cases of rheumatism cured by Chamberlain's Pain Balm during the past few months have given the people great confidence in its curative properties and they are now ready to testify to the fact that it can be depended upon for that painful and aggravating disease. Mr. Geo. F. Davenport, one of the retail drug gists of this place, says of it: "In regard to Chamberlain's Medicines, I am pleased to say that I can recommend them with confidence that they will do what they are claimed to do, and are the best in the market. Especially am I pleased with Chamberlain's Pain Balm." No one afflicted with rheumatism can use it without benefit. Sold by B. J. Kase.

Brace Up

You are feeling depressed, your appetite is poor you are bothered with headache, you are fidgety, nervous and generally out of sorts and want to brace up. Brace up but not with stimulants spring medicines or bitters which have for their basis very cheap, bad whiskey, and which stimulate you for an hour, and then leave you in worse condition than before. What you want is an alterative that will purify your blood, start healthy action of liver and kidneys, restore your vitality, and give renewed health and strength. Such a medicine you will find in electric Bitters, and only 50 cents a bottle at J. E. McFarland's drug store.

PERTINENT POINTS.

Runaway couple to minister:—"Will you join us?" Minister: "Thanks. I don't care if I do."—Washington Critic.

Shot in the Saddle is the title of a recent story. Not so dangerous, perhaps, as being shot in the beanstalk.—Texas Siftings.

The impecunious dukes and other noblemen who come over here on a rich-girl hunt are all in favor of commercial union.—New York Evening Sun.

"I am in the hands of my friends," said a man remarked when the police bore him away from a fight in which he was getting the worst of it.—Texas Siftings.

It may be that Emperor Frederick is living on because the doctors have ascribed so many different diseases to him he doesn't know which one to die of.—Chicago Times.

The cooking school lectures are closed until fall, to allow the people to experiment on the new compounds and give the dyspeptics a chance to recover.—Boston Globe.

Some one has discovered another remedy for rattlesnake bite than whisky. But the majority of people who are in the habit of getting bitten will probably stick to the old remedy, or else they'll not get bitten so often.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

"Maw," said a beautiful New Jersey girl shyly, "I think that the handsome young man who boards across the way is becoming interested in me." "Why so Lulu?" "Because whenever I meet him on the street he always winks."—New York Sun.

Mrs. Breezy (of Chicago to daughter): "It has occured to me of late, dear, that George is not so attentive and devoted to you as he was when you first became engaged." Miss Breezy (nervously): "Oh, mamma! you don't think he intends to crawfish, do you?"—Epoch.

An attorney in a case in Arkansas got into a dispute with the judge on the bench about a ruling and ended it by stabbing the judge several times. The attorney was one Capt. McKinnon, but from now on the people down there will probably call him colonel.—Chicago Times.

Charlie: "That was a good game of poker we had last night." Harry: "First rate. How did you come out?" Charlie: "Ten dollars ahead." Harry: "How did you figure it out that way? You borrowed twenty, didn't you to begin on?" Charlie: "yes but I only lost $10 of it."—Washington Critic.

The queen of Spain has taken the little boy king and his sisters to Barcelonia to open the exposition there. This, of course, warrants the success of the exposition so far as attendance is concerned but might not the management have saved the expense of the exposition by simply putting the royal family on exhibition for money?—Chicago Times.

Gunnington (appearing suddenly): "Come for all, Clara, will you forgive me? I can't bear to give you up for good." Clara: "Why, Henry, I love Henry, nothing but a very strong will power—a power stronger than my own—would make me change my determination, and as Henry turns away heaven knows you've got it, Henry!"—Tid-Bits.

One of the local ice dealers was around a few days since, calling upon his old customers, and the old woman informed him very tartly that she shouldn't take ice of him any longer. "Why not?" was asked. "Because I can get it of someone else cheaper." was the reply. "I don't see how that can be," was the cool reply of the ice man, "for I have supplied you for thirteen years and you haven't paid me a cent yet."—Westfield (Mass.) Times.

Zola Is Trying to Write a Clean Book.

For a wonder M. Zola has turned his talents to the production of a volume which promises to be free from filth. His new work, "La Reve," is strange to say, almost of the "goody-goody" order, and might be read on a Sunday night by Mrs. Grundy and all her daughters. The transformation is wonderful, and when the book appears in due course it will no doubt take the world by surprise. M. Zola's new heroine is a lady called Angelique Marie, quite a name for a nun. She is an outcast who has been reared by "poor but honest people who make artificial flowers, vestments and robes. At 15 Angelique meets Felician, an utterly good young man. He is rich, brave, and, in fact, a paragon of the old stereotyped sketch. The dream or rever of Angelique is to wed her lover, and she does so. The psychological power of M. Zola is well brought out in his analysis of Angelique's character as she gradually shakes off the influence of the wicked Rougon-Macquart surroundings in which she passed her early days and emerges into the grace and gentleness of a life passed under the shadow of a cathedral. There is a good Bishop in M. Zola's story, whose character seems to have been suggested by the author of the "Abbe Constantin." This is the idea of "La Reve;" but it would of course, be difficult to pronounce a judgment on the work before it is completed. By composing a few stimulant novels and by burning much of what he has written before, M. Zola may become an Academician yet.—London Telegraph.

Certain Uncertainty.

Smith—"Is your position in the store permanent?"

Brown—"No. I am just like a man riding in a wheelbarrow."

Smith—"Ah yes; expecting every minute to get dumped."—Detroit Free Press.

Keeping Up Appearances.

"Now, John," said a wife who was going on a journey, "when you bid me good-by on the train you mustn't lift your hat or kiss me."

"Why not?"

"Because people will think that you are not my husband."—New York Sun.

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Every person subscribing to or renewing their subscription to this paper will be supplied with the Kansas City WEEKLY JOURNAL FREE during the campaign of 1888.

Here is an opportunity to place in your family the largest and best Weekly paper published in Kansas City. Send in your names at once and get two papers for the price of our own. Publishers.

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Consisting of Bureaus, Secretary, Tables, including three marble top Restaurant tables, Bedsteads, Chairs, Stoves, Cooking utensils, etc. Apply to Mrs. J. E. Taylor. 27 2t

FISH! FISH! FISH!

Every Thursday evening. 12½ c. per pound.—J. H. Goll.

Business.

When Baby was sick, we gave her CASTORIA,
When she was a Child, she cried for CASTORIA,
When she became Miss, she clung to CASTORIA,
When she had Children, she gave them CASTORIA.

Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Ry.

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New and luxurious Parlor Cars on the fast day trains from Sioux City.

Sleeping Cars on night trains.

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Connection made in Union Depot with day and night trains for DULUTH, ASHLAND, WASHBURN and BAYFIELD.

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For any information as to tickets, route, etc., apply to any agent, or to

E. W. TRAZDALE,
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Why pay 9 per cent. when I will furnish Money on
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Atty at Law, Wayne, Neb

THE DIET OF DANIEL.

TALMAGE'S SUNDAY MORNING DISCOURSE.

The Great Divine Preaches from the Text: "Does Religion Prolong Life?"

The Misconception Placed Upon Religion by Its Friends—So Far From Subtracting From One's Vitality, It a Glorious Addition.

BROOKLYN, June [illegible].—At the Tabernacle this morning, after expounding some passages of Scripture in regard to the Diet of Daniel and his abstemious habits, the Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, D. D., gave out the hymn beginning:

> "Glory to God on high,
> Let heaven and earth reply."

He announced as the subject of his sermon: "Does Religion Prolong Life?" and preached from the text found in Psalm xci, 16: "With long life will I satisfy him." Following is the discourse in full:

Through the mistake of its friends religion has been chiefly associated with sick beds and graveyards. The whole subject to many people is odorous with chlorine and carbolic acid. There are people who cannot pronounce the word religion without hearing in it the clipping chisel of the tombstone cutter. It is high time that this thing were changed and that religion, instead of being represented as a hearse to carry out the dead, should be represented as a chariot in which the living are in triumph.

Religion, so far from subtracting from one's vitality, is a glorious addition. It is sanative, curative, hygienic. It is good for the eyes, good for the spleen, good for the digestion, good for the nerves, good for the muscles. When David, in another part of the Psalms, prays that religion may be dominant he does not speak of it as a mild sickness, or an emaciation, or an attack of moral and spiritual cramp; he speaks of it as "the saving health of all nations," while God, in the text, promises longevity to the pious, saying: "With long life will I satisfy him."

The fact is that men and women die too soon. It is high time that religion joined the hand of medical science in attempting to improve human longevity. Adam lived nine hundred and thirty years. Methuselah lived nine hundred and sixty-nine years. As late as the history of the world as Vespasian, there were at one time in his empire forty-five people one hundred and thirty-five years old. So far down as the sixteenth century, Peter Zorten died at one hundred and eighty-five years of age. I do not say that religion will ever take the race back to antediluvian longevity, but I do say the length of human life will be greatly increased.

It is said in Isaiah: "The child shall die a hundred years old." Now, if according to Scripture the child is to be a hundred years old, may not the men and women reach to three hundred and four hundred and five hundred? The fact is that we are mere dwarfs and skeletons compared with some of the generations that are to come. Take the African race. They have been under bondage for centuries. Give them a chance and they develop a Frederick Douglass or a Toussaint L'Ouverture. And if the white race shall be released from under the serfdom of sin, what shall be the body? what shall be the soul! Religion has only just touched our world. Give it full power for a few centuries and who can tell what will be the strength of man and the beauty of woman, and the longevity of all?

My design is to show that practical religion is the friend of long life. I prove it, first, from the fact that it makes the care of our health a positive Christian duty. Whether we shall keep early or late hours, whether we shall take food digestible or indigestible, whether there shall be thorough or incomplete mastication, are questions very often deferred to the realm of self indulgence; but the Christian man lifts this whole problem of health into the accountable realm of the divine. He says: "God has given me this body, and He has called it the temple of the Holy Ghost, and to deface its walls or [illegible] its pillars is a God-defying sacrilege."

[illegible]

the largest C[illegible] some answers. Now, the human bod[illegible] God's watch. You see the hands of the w[illegible] the face of the watch, but the [illegible] of the heart is the ticking of the [illegible] be careful and do not let it run do[illegible]

Again: [illegible] religion is a friend of long[illegible] the fact that it is a protest against [illegible] which [illegible] and destroy the [illegible] were and whose live a very shor[illegible] killed them. I know hundre[illegible] you seen, but I do not know half [illegible] What They d[illegible] Brown died at Mississippi a[illegible] years of age, himself his own Ma[illegible] ... the horse, thi[illegible] ... desert. Eigh[illegible] died at Baltimore at th[illegible] years of age. The black ra[illegible] ... boat alone he [illegible] was [illegible] trouble—

[illegible]

Napoleon Bon[illegible] ... [illegible] diagram and [illegible] was induced to [illegible] of Austerlitz, the man who [illegible] the feet of the centre of Europe [illegible] killed by a snuff-box! [illegible] people we have known who had [illegible] had their days because of their [illegible] and indulgences! Now practical [illegible] a protest against all dissipation [illegible]

"But," you [illegible] of religion have fallen, [illegible] religion have got drunk, professors [illegible] have misappropriated trust fu[illegible] of religion have absconded." [illegible] they threw away their religion [illegible] their morality. If a man [illegible] for Liverpool [illegible] board and [illegible] that anything against the Wh[illegible] capacity to take the man across [illegible] And if a man jumps over the [illegible] of his religion and goes down never [illegible] that any reason for some believ[illegible] religion has no capacity to take the [illegible] through? In the one case if he h[illegible] the steamer his body would hav[illegible] saved. In the other case if he had [illegible] to his religion his morals would have been [illegible]

There are ages [illegible] who would have been dead twenty-[illegible] for the defenses and the [illegible] of religion. You have no more [illegible] resistance than hundreds of people [illegible] the [illegible] to-day, slain by the [illegible]. The doctors made their case as [illegible] as they could, and it was call[illegible] of the brain, or something else [illegible] the snakes and the blue flies that [illegible] over the pillow to the sight of [illegible] patient showed what was the [illegible] with him. You, an aged Christian [illegible] walked along to that unhappy one [illegible] came to the golden pillar of a Chris[illegible] life. You went to the right; he went to the left. That is all the difference between you. Oh, if this religion is a protest against all forms of dissipation, then, it is an illustrious friend of longevity. "With long life will I satisfy him."

Again: religion is a friend to longevity in the fact that it takes the worry out of our temporalities. It is not work that kills men, it is worry. When a man becomes a genuine Christian he makes over to God not only his affections but his family, his business, his reputation, his body, his mind, his soul—everything. Industrious he will be, but never worrying, because God is managing his affairs. How can he worry about business when in answer to his prayers God tells him when to buy and and when to sell; and if he gain that is best, and if he lose that is best?

Suppose you had a supernatural neighbor who came in and said: "Sir, I want you to call on me in every exigency; I am your fast friend; I could fall back on $20,000,000; I can foresee a panic ten years; I hold the controlling stock in thirty of the best monetary institutions of New York; whenever you are in trouble call on me and I will help you; you can have my money and you can have my influence; here is my hand in pledge for it." How much would you worry about business? Why, you would say: "I'll do the best I can and then I'll depend on my friend's generosity for the rest."

Now more than that is promised to every Christian business man. God says to him: "I own New York and London and St. Petersburg and Pekin, and Australia and California are mine; I can foresee a panic a million years. I have all the resources of the universe, and I am your fast friend; when you get in business trouble or any other trouble, call on me and I will help; here is my hand in pledge of omnipotent deliverance." How much should that man worry? Not much. What [illegible]

[illegible]

"Oh," you say, "here is a man who asked God for a blessing in a certain enterprise, and he lost five thousand dollars in it." [illegible] ... I will. Yonder is a factory, and one wheel is going north, and the other wheel is going south, and one wheel [illegible] ... [illegible]

[illegible]

Again: practical religion is a friend of longevity in the fact that it removes all [illegible] ... [illegible]

[illegible]

'the grave I only got started and that I shall go on forever; my power to think says "forever,"' my capacity to enjoy or suffer, "forever."

Well, my hearers, I have only one more argument to make, and if you refuse me in that I am exhausted: A mighty One on a hood back of Jerusalem one day, the sky filled with forked lightnings and the earth filled with volcanic disturbances, turned his pale and agonized face toward the heavens and said: "I take the sins and sorrows of the ages into my own heart. I am the expiation. Witness earth and heaven, and hell, I am the expiation." And the hammer struck him, and the spears punctured him, and heaven thundered: "The wages of sin is death!" "The soul that sinneth it shall die!" "I will by no means clear the guilty!" Then there was silence for half an hour, and the lightnings were drawn back into the scabbard of the sky, and the earth ceased to quake, and all the colors of the sun began to shift themselves into a rainbow woven out of the falling tears of Jesus, and there was red as of the blood-shedding, and there was blue as of the bruising, and there was green as of the heavenly foliage, and there was orange as of the daybreak. And along the line of the blue I saw the words: "I was bruised for their iniquities." And along the line of the red I saw the words: "The blood of Jesus Christ cleanseth from all sin." And along the line of the green I saw the words: "The leaves of the tree of life for the healing of all nations." And along the line of the orange I saw the words: "The day spring from on high hath visited us."

And then I saw the storm was over and the rainbow rose higher and higher until it seemed to be reaching to another heaven, and planting one column of its colors on one side the eternal hill and planting the other column of its colors on the other side the eternal hill, it rose upward and upward and "behold there was a rainbow about the throne."

Accept that sacrifice and quit worrying. Take the tonic, the inspiration, the longevity of the truth. Religion is sunshine, that is health. Religion is fresh air and pure water, they are healthy. Religion is warmth, that is healthy. Ask all the doctors and they will tell you that a quiet conscience and pleasant anticipation are hygienic. I offer you perfect peace now and forever.

What do you want in the future world? Tell me and you shall have it. Orchards! There are the trees, with twelve manner of fruits, yielding fruit every month. Water scenery? There is the River of Life, from under the throne of God, clear as crystal, and the sea of glass mingled with fire. Do you want music? There is the oratorio of the Creation led on by Adam, and the oratorio of the Red Sea led on by Moses, and the oratorio of the Messiah led on by St. Paul, while the archangel with swinging baton controls the one hundred and forty-four thousand who make up the orchestra.

Do you want reunion? There are your dead children waiting to kiss you, waiting to embrace you, waiting to twist garlands in your hair. You have been accustomed to open the door on this side the sepulchre. I open the door on the other side the sepulchre. You have been accustomed to walk in the wet grass on the top of the grave. I show you the under side of the grave, the bottom has fallen out and the long ropes with which the pall bearers let down your dead, let them clear through into heaven.

Glory be to God for this robust, healthy religion. It will have a tendency to make you live long in this world, and in the world to come you will have eternal life. "With long life will I satisfy him."

Lineal Descents.

A man who died at Louisville the other day, and whose name was Shakespeare, claimed that he was a lineal descendant of the great poet. Perhaps he thought that he was. But it has been an accepted fact for the last two hundred years and more that none of the posterity of the Bard of Avon survived the second generation. Shakespeare had but one son, Hamnet, who did not live to manhood, and two daughters, only one of whom had children. All these died without issue.

Shakespeare had at least five brothers and sisters, and as the Louisville man's family record carried his ancestry back to Stratford two centuries ago he may have belonged to a collateral branch. He at least had some advantage over the young man who vouched for his high connections by telling a lady that he was the great-grandson of Washington Irving—that delightful bachelor.

There is a great deal of lying about lineal descents. It is only necessary for some one whose name suits and whose grandfather is unknown to start the story and it becomes the property of succeeding generations.

It is to be noted that a considerable percentage of great men have no posterity. All of Shakespeare's, as we have seen, died out. None of Napoleon's are living. Washington had no children. And perhaps it is well that such is the case. It is well-nigh impossible to "live up" to a great name. Examples are not wanting to prove that it is very easy to disgrace or belittle it. There are considerations, certainly, upon which it is advantageous for a man who has made his name famous and respected to have the family record closed then and there.—*New York World.*

An Old Prophecy Which Fits This Year.

The present year is the fifth year of modern times in which the aggregate of the figures is twenty-five, and there will be but five more years in which such a combination is possible prior to the year 1998. Probably but few have ever heard the old prophecy, which runs as follows:

> In every future year of our Lord,
> When the sum of the figures is twenty-five,
> Some warlike kingdom will draw the sword,
> But peaceful nations in peace shall thrive.

Students of modern history will readily recall how faithfully this prophecy has been fulfilled in the four previous years to which it applied.

In 1699 Russia, Denmark and Poland formed the coalition against Sweden, which inaugurated the great war that ended in the disastrous defeat of Charles XII at Pultowa. The year 1789 will ever be memorable on account of the breaking out of the French revolution.

The year 1798 witnessed the campaign of Bonaparte in Egypt and the formation of the second European coalition against France. In 1879 war broke out between England and Afghanistan, followed by the invasion of the latter country by British troops. In what manner the prediction is to be verified in 1888 remains yet to be seen, but the present condition of Europe seems to promise an abundant fulfillment of the prophecy.—*[illegible] Inquirer.*

What a happy month hangs then comes the tug of commerce.—*New Orleans Picayune.*

ENGLISH MILLIONAIRES.

Some of the Largest Fortunes Lately Recorded in the British Isles.

The incidence of the probate and succession duties has become a subject of interest, says the London Globe. The actual amount paid in respect of these duties for the financial year just ended has not been published. The succession duty for the year 1886-1887 yielded £814,764, and the probate duty £4,[illegible]. The latter, at the rate of 3 per cent., therefore, represented personal estate valued for probate at about £[illegible]. Since Christmas last four wills have been proved, passing personalty of more than £5,500,000. Sir William Miller, a Scotch merchant, left £1,022,000; Lord Wolverton, a banker, of Welsh descent, £1,[illegible]; Mr. Hugh McCalmont, an Irish merchant, £3,121,911; and Baron de Stern, a German financier, £3,544,978. One other estate exceeding a million was, it is understood, proved by a will proved in the financial year just ended. In the previous year, it is believed, have five estates paid duty on more than ten and a half millions. In twenty years the chancellor of the exchequer said in his budget speech only three estates of three millions each have paid probate duty. Fifteen other estates last year, varying in amount from £196,000 to £665,000, gave a total of nearly nine millions, and twenty-one with personalty exceeding a quarter of a million under half a million, paid duty on seven and a half millions more. It is probable that about a hundred wills were proved disposing in each case of less than £[illegible] and more than £100,000, with an aggregate of perhaps fifteen millions. The whole number of wills proved in this country last year must very likely have been about fifty thousand. From ten of these more than a tithe of last year's probate duty was obtained. Over a third of the duty was contributed by the estates of not more than 150 rich people, the average amount of whose personalty considerably exceeded £250,000, while the average of all the other estates would be probably less than £2,000 each. The income tax returns show that in this country property is becoming more evenly distributed each year. The result of this distribution seems to be that less wealth is accumulated than when property was in fewer hands. The income of the country does not appear to be increasing at the same rate as formerly. Notwithstanding the windfall this year from a few great estates, the chancellor of the exchequer was probably right in regarding the yield from the death duties as likely to be inelastic. The ownership of land in this country is rarely now the means of accumulating wealth. Of the twenty fortunes exceeding half a million each have been noticed all were made in business. Among the twenty-one other estates with each more than a quarter of a million personalty, were only three or four of great land-owners. The desire of rich men to become owners of land is apparently decreasing. It is seldom now that money is left to be invested in the purchase of land.

Next to the five millionaires the largest personal estate left in the last twelve months was that amounting to £654,431 of Mr. Perrins, of Lea & Perrins, of Worcester, at whose shop, it is said, a lady on her return from India, many years ago, left by chance a recipe for curry, which suggested that for the famous sauce; and next to Mr. Perrins' was the estate, worth £[illegible], of Mr. Thomas Jessop, of Sheffield, who generously gave back to the company which bought his business £[illegible], the amount by which the valuation of his stock and plant exceeded his estimate. Miss Pemberton-Heywood, [illegible] of a Liverpool banker, left £[illegible]. Mr. Charles Cave, a West India merchant and partner in the London bank of Prescott, Grote & Co., £[illegible]; and Mr. Hardy Farquhar, a banker in St. James' street, £311,[illegible]. Mr. R[illegible] Campbell, one of the early settlers in New South Wales, left £[illegible]. Mr. George Benson, the contractor, £[illegible]; Mr. Charles Waring, £[illegible]; Mr. James Haworth, who died intestate, £[illegible]; Mr. Joshua Fielden, £[illegible]; and Lord Hindlip, the senior partner of Allsopp & Sons, £[illegible]. Sir Alexander Matheson, whose personalty was worth £[illegible], had much landed estate, but he was also a part owner of the Rio Tinto copper mines and the head of an old firm of China merchants. Mrs. Morrison, who left £612,000, was the widow of Mr. James Morrison, who, after serving an apprenticeship with his father at his merchant shop by London bridge, became his partner—and heir—and in time built up the great wholesale trade of the Fore street warehouse.

The late Commodore Vanderbilt is said to have died worth $184,000,000, or about as much as [illegible] of the richest estates in England paid probate duty upon last year. To have made a fortune of two, or three, or even five millions of pounds sterling in 20 or 25 years is spoken of as not an uncommon occurrence in America. Such fortunes, if, indeed they are made at all, must, of course, be made by speculation and not in the ordinary course of trade. There is no indication that wealth can be acquired in this country, even on a small scale, in the way that it is said to be gained in America. Riches, when not inherited, seem to be slowly earned by the people whose wills are proved in England. The estates with personalty between £250,000 and £300,000 offered for probate last year included those of Mr. Charles Seeley, £[illegible]; Mr. Thomas Simon Bolitho, £414,563; Mr. William Bowyer Fellimore, £367,943, and Mr. Richard Berridge, £312,[illegible], who were all considerable landed proprietors, but Mr. Bolitho was a Cornish banker, Mr. Berridge a partner in Meux brewery, whose purchase of the great estate of the Martins, of Cro' Martin, was probably not a remunerative investment, and Mr. Seeley and Mr. Phillimore did not, it is believed, owe their wealth chiefly to their land. Among sixteen or seventeen other estates of more than a quarter and less than a half a million were those of Mr. Stevens, proprietor of the *Family Herald*, £[illegible]; Mr. Alexander, a bill broker, £381,671; Mr. Joseph Maynard, a city solicitor, £[illegible]; Mr. S[illegible]nett, an Irish merchant, £[illegible]; Mr. George Crosfield, a Warrington soap manufacturer, £[illegible]; Mrs. Gibbs, the widow of the well-known agent of the Peruvian government, £[illegible]; Herr Krupp, £[illegible]; Mr. Lionel Cohen, of the stock exchange, £[illegible]; Mr. C. B. Fenwick, a ship-broker, £[illegible]; and Mr. J. H. Smith, a banker, £[illegible].

Americans at Play.

Europe has suffered almost as severely from the button-hole-badge fever as America is now suffering and the evil is curing itself as it promises to cure itself here. There are a few badges of honor in Europe which are actually as well as nominally badges of honor. Imitation of them is a crime, and so is the wearing of them without right to wear them. As to the others, of which there are vast numbers, the persons whose good opinion is worth a hill of beans take no notice of them except perhaps to laugh at them, and the person who wears the badge indicating his possession of a cross or star that any one could buy or otherwise procure, should he deem it worth while, stamps himself at once as an unfortunate who would gladly wear a better but that his birth or his lack of ability to win one has prevented.

The wearing of a certain class of decorations in Europe is somewhat equivalent to the wearing of a "glass-diamond" in one's scarf here. It stamps the wearer almost as surely. Only ignoramuses wear inferior orders in Europe, and we think that only ignoramuses will, in a short time, be the wearers of most of the button-hole badges now to be seen on our own streets. The badge which indicates that the wearer has done something exceptionally worthy to win it is perhaps worth wearing though a matter of taste comes in even there. But the red, white and blue badge which simply means that one has paid his dues to an insurance society, the copper or enamel button which means that one has pledged himself to vote a Democratic or Republican ticket, or the white cross which means that one has solemnly promised to behave oneself, why should they be sported?

The Grand Army badge, the Loyal Legion button, the shield of the Mexican Veteran, they are well enough. We would make their imitation or improper use a crime everywhere. As to the rest, we may doubtless leave the common-sense of our people to work the problem out. The badges will be played out when the problem shall have been worked out.—*St. [illegible] Report.*

Thoughts in a Library.

> Speak low! Tread softly through these halls;
> Here Genius [illegible]
> Here reign in silent majesty
> The monarchs of the mind.
>
> A mighty spirit host they come
> From every age and clime;
> Above the buried wrecks of years
> They breast the tide of Time.
>
> And in their presence-chamber here
> They hold their [illegible] state
> And round them throng a noble train,
> The gifted and the great.
>
> Oh, child of earth! when round thy path
> The storm of life arise,
> And when thy brothers pass thee by
> With stern, [illegible] eyes,
>
> Here shall the poets chant for thee
> Their sweetest, loftiest lays,
> And prophets wait to guide thy steps
> In wisdom's pleasant ways.
>
> Come, with these God-anointed kings
> Be thou companion here;
> And in the mighty realm of mind
> Thou shalt go forth a peer.
>
> —*Anna C. L. [illegible].*

A Friendly Tip.

"Now, parson," remarked the deacon of a Leadville, Col., church to the newly installed minister, "a hint between friends never hurt nobody, and you don't want to forget to remember that your predecessor died of on-wee."

"Of ennui?" repeated the divine, interrogatively.

"Yas, of on-wee. It generally enters with the congregation, long about the end of the first half hour of the sermon, and the symptoms are mighty sudden. Now go ahead with the ceremonies, and don't you forget that Quarter-stretch Jake is holding the time on you in that off corner under the gallery."—*Puck.*

Ancient Greek coins have been discovered with the figure of a horse on them. We are glad to learn at last where horse cents originated.—*Ibid.*

HUMOROUS POINTS.

Light headed—The locomotive.—*Burlington Free Press.*

Home sweet home—The bee hive.—*Pittsburg Chronicle.*

A bad spell of weather—Wether.—*Burlington Free Press.*

A prevailing fancy in ladies' rings—Pretty fingers.—*[illegible] Herald.*

The blacksmith [illegible] blowing about his work.—*[illegible] News.*

Blue [illegible] ought to be illegal, because it is a [illegible] lottery.—*Pittsburg Chronicle.*

In warm weather the lap dog wears a clipped coat and very often pants.—*New York Star.*

People who treat [illegible] notice as servants generally find that they don't answer.—*New York Tribune.*

You can generally tell a tree by its bark. Especially is this so of the dog-wood tree.—*Yonkers Statesman.*

Rev. Mr. [illegible] has been sued for divorce. We do not see why he isn't as big an actor as anybody.—*[illegible]*

A tree is like the man in a hurry. When he leaves he makes a good use of his [illegible].—*Yonkers Statesman.*

"It do goeth before a fall," says an inspired writer, but it goes a good deal quicker after one.—*[illegible] Critic.*

Young man, take no example from the hen which contemplates producing an egg and look up aloft.—*Yonkers Statesman.*

Good conduct is said to depend upon a good [illegible]. Some of us will probably never get one as long as we live.—*[illegible]*

The [illegible] from France [illegible] that he was President of a Peace Society.—*[illegible]*

A [illegible] at [illegible]ville, Va., has the following notice on their office: "No matter [illegible] Don't [illegible] it. Try the handle."—*Concord Monitor.*

Every person can be kept reasonably busy by attending to his own business, but there are many who insist upon being overworked.—*Davenport (Iowa) Democrat.*

A dealer in one of the interior towns of Ohio advertises "Shamrock Coal." If coal must have rocks at all, of course sham rocks are preferable.—*Pittsburg Chronicle.*

A Methodist preacher in the "heart of the Rocky Mountains," in speaking of some man's peculiar trial, referred to it as "that thorn in his flesh which seemed to buffet him on every side."—*Christian Register.*

It Was a Frog.

In Texas. A railway train stopped in a swamp, and while a blended expression of weariness and disgust was sitting on the passengers' faces, the conductor came into a car where a recently arrived Englishman sat.

"Guard," said the Englishman, "may I speak to you a moment?"

"What did you call me?"

"I called you a guard, for aren't you the guard?"

"Guard the deuce! Do you take this for a convict train that we have to keep guards?"

"Oh, no, no, I didn't mean that, but [illegible] we will not argue that point, but will you please answer me one question?"

"[illegible]"

"Well, what are we stopping here for?"

"There's a frog [illegible]," the conductor replied.

"A frog in the swamp?"

"Yes."

"I really do not understand you."

[illegible]

[illegible]

"Well, [illegible] you know. Why, [illegible] would not [illegible] a train on account of a [illegible]. You Americans [illegible] very indulgent customs."

"[illegible] want to," [illegible]

"Oh, yes I [illegible] say it. On account of a frog. Well, well, I never heard of [illegible]. I knew that the Frenchmen [illegible] the frog, but I never knew before that the Americans held up the frog in superstitious veneration. By George, I must make a note of this. I am writing a book on America, and this is the most peculiar thing I've [illegible] in this strange but wonderful country."—*Arkansaw Traveler.*

Wants to Be by Himself.

Baker Smith, an eccentric and aged citizen of [illegible], New Jersey, has just set out in a covered wagon, drawn by an old horse and a young colt, for east Tennessee. Smith lived up in the mountains, far away from people, as he would [illegible], but recently someone built within two miles of his hut and he said he could not breathe in such a thickly settled country, so he started, with his faithful wife, for Tennessee, where he intends to settle somewhere in the mountains, at least fifty miles from men and railroads.

Eastern Summer Resorts.

During the coming season the Ohio & Mississippi railway will have on sale in St. Louis round trip tickets at low excursion rates to White Sulphur, Red Sulphur, Old Sweet, Salt Sulphur, Chalybeate, Rockbridge Alum, and other mineral springs and resorts in the Virginias; Deer Park and Oakland in the Alleghenies, and Lake Chautauqua in western New York. The Ohio & Mississippi railway is the only line from St. Louis by which these celebrated resorts can be reached in palace sleeping coaches without change of cars. Deer Park, Oakland and Lake Chautauqua are on the direct route of our through sleeping car lines to the east, and early in June this company will begin running a line of elegant sleeping cars between St. Louis and White Sulphur Springs without change. Those who take sleeper only during the night runs are in no way discommoded, as changes are made in union depots at Cincinnati and Louisville. No other line from St. Louis can offer the advantages of the Ohio & Mississippi railway in train service and quick time to the eastern summer resorts. Round trip tickets from all points west of the Mississippi are offered at reducing lines. In purchasing see that they read via O. & M. Ry.

St. Louis offices, 101 and 103 N. 4th St., under Planters House, and at Union depot.

For further information address A. J. Lytle, Gen'l Western Pass'r Agt., St Louis, Mo.

A clock never breaks any laws, but it is always doing time.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To the Editor:—

Please inform you readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption, if they will send me their Express and P. O. address.

Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M.C.,
181 Pearl St., New York.

Pay as you go and don't go until you pay.

Sure Cure for Piles.

Dr. Kirk's German Pile Ointment has cured Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles when all others have failed. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Kirk's German Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, $1.00 per box. Sold by Goodman Drug Co., Omaha, Neb.

A new hat does not take the shine off an old coat.

The New Craze Among the Women.

Probably no one thing has had such a bitter fight for its life as the Kola. Its remarkable popularity endangered the markets of other leading concoctions of the kind, and they united to kill it, but it is coming out on top. You can't beat a thing that the women commend. They literally worn after it because it imparts overwork, and helps nervousness and the tired feeling so quickly, keeps them off sick overwhelmed, and leaves no more harm than common food. At first it was counteracted badly. Now the shorts have got a stop to that.

Hats are to some men long felt wants.

Warner's Safe Cure

1 has been before the public now about ten years, and in that time has proved itself to be all that it has been represented.

2 It is purely vegetable, contains nothing harmful, and DOES purify the blood and CURE disease, as it puts the kidneys, the only blood-purifying organs in complete health.

3 It cures permanently. We have tens of thousands of testimonials to this effect from people who were cured years ago and who are well today.

It is a Scientific Specific, was not put upon the market until thoroughly tested, and has the endorsement of Prof. S. A. Lattimore, M. A. Ph., L. D., Official Analyst of foods and medicines, N. Y. State Board of Health, and scores of eminent chemists, physicians and professional experts.

4

H. H. Warner & Co., do not cure everything from one bottle, they having a specific for each important disease. Fight shy of any preparation which claims infallibility.

5

The testimonials printed by H. H. Warner & Co., are so far as they know, positively genuine. For the past five years they have had a standing offer of $5,000 for proof to the contrary. If you are sick and want to get well use

6

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Cures in 24 to 48 hours Cystitis, Gravel, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Pain in the Back, Kidneys, Urinary Organs, Female Complaints, Nervous Prostration, Sleeplessness, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles, Malaria, Fever and Ague, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Sleeplessness, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Sciatica, Lumbago, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism

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AMERICAN BEAUTY.

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When the people of the United State shall be deprived of the constant influx of foreign blood from Europe, they will finally develop into a fixed and regular American type. This peculiarity will have as its distinguishing characteristic slenderness of form, disposition to great muscular activity, extreme nervous sensitiveness, remarkable quickness of intellectual apprehension and a general alertness. These are, to a great extent, the characteristics of the American Indians, and when the white race shall become thoroughly located in North America, it will conform to the type of the Indians in their chief physical qualities. That the whites who have been in America for a few generations have already begun to assume the Indian type of bodily configuration has repeatedly been recognized and declared by competent physiologists and anatomists. The artists, who are ever alive to the peculiarities of form, have not failed to note that a certain slenderness of figure has become so far characteristic of the Americans that it is never omitted in any pictorial representations, and the typical Yankee of the caricaturist as well as the typical Southerner, is always shown as a tall, slender, muscular, nervous personage. It may not be out of place to add to the testimony of the physiologist and the artist on these points that of the commercial man, which is fully corroborative of their observations. An importer of French and German gloves said to the writer that such articles intended for the American trade had to be manufactured expressly, because the hands of the Americans are longer in proportion to breadth than those of the typical French and German people, and the fingers as a rule are longer and more slender.

Enough has been said to show that there will one day be a characteristic type of form for the American people, and that there will be consequently, we trust, a type of American beauty. Already the American women are being recognized as the most beautiful in the world. The uncrowned queens and untitled princesses from the United States are by the force of their charms rapidly winning titles and social supremacy among the old world aristocracy. But the American women are sure to the inheritance of their reign in the realms of beauty. They are to have their charms recognized throughout the civilized world as the queens of loveliness; and what the Egyptian women were to the world for many centuries two to three thousand years ago the American women will be in the future.—*New Orleans Picayune.*

MUST HAVE DICTATORS.

What the Sage of Caprera Thought of the Political Exigencies of France.

In the preface to his memoirs Garibaldi advocates on the very first page—writing in 1872—the necessity of an honest and temporary dictatorship for nations like France, Spain, and Italy, as distinguished from the state of things in England. Repeatedly he recurs to that idea. It was a fixed one with him, as I had occasion to find in 1864. Having one day, in company with my wife, gone a writer in *The Contemporary Review*, taken him from the charmed circle in which he was then somewhat confined in the house of the duke of Sutherland, and conducted him from my house, first to Ledru-Rollin, and then to Louis Blanc, questions relating to future action were then and there discussed. "Are you still a republican?" Mme. Ledru-Rollin asked him point blank, with that direction of speech which is the privilege of ladies. "Certainly," he answered, and then he added: "If the time should come for renewing the movement for a commonwealth in Italy I believe a dictator will have to be appointed by way of transition in order to insure success." Nobody among us doubted whom he had in view. Owing to his bringing up as an ordinary seaman and his freebooter's life abroad Garibaldi, in 1848, was, in culture of mind, even less to be compared to Mazzini than in later years. Of his natural intellectual aptitude I confess I hold a higher opinion than some of his democratic competitors would acknowledge. I am also convinced that his so-called simplicity was far less than appearances might seem to warrant. This was my distinct impression from personal observation, especially when, as the appointed spokesman of the Garibaldians in London, I was invited by him to see him in the Isle of Wight before his entry into London, on which occasion many political questions were confidentially discussed. However, Mazzini would merely say among friends with a somewhat startling emphasis: "I am the head, he is the arm of our cause!" Both claims and counter claims would not but create a deal of friction.

Food Adulterations.

A St. Louis journal publishes the fact that a concern in that city engaged in supplying hotels, restaurants, ice cream manufacturers and others with milk, under the name of the "Iowa Dairy Company," deals milk in a purely artificial compound. Samples which have been analyzed show the following composition: Water, 81.2 per cent; fat, supposed to be cottonseed oil, 2.6; chemical substances, nature not yet determined, but corresponding to caseine and milk sugar, 15.0, and mineral salt, supposed to be nitre, 1.1 per cent, making a total of 18.7 per cent solids, whereas genuine milk, of the standard quality required by law at St. Louis is required to have but 14.5 per cent of solids, made up as follows, viz: Water, 87.0 per cent; butter fat, 3.0; casein and milk sugar, 9.5, and ash, 0.7 per cent. It is becoming more and more evident that the whole matter of food adulterations should be made a matter of congressional control, and in this connection we notice that Chairman Hatch of the committee on agriculture of the house of representatives has prepared a substitute for the bill regarding adulterations of lard now before the committee, which is similar to its features to that introduced in the senate by Senator Farwell, of Chicago, early in the session. It provides for a tax to be levied on all adulterations of food products, to pay the cost of inspection to be established, under the control of the commissioner of internal revenue, and for proper branding of all adulterations so as to show their actual composition. Some such act should be enacted for the protection of the public. There are many food mixtures which would come under the head of adulterations which are objectionable, provided they were so branded as to show their true composition. In such cases the customers can buy them or let them alone as he chooses, and is not defrauded if he does purchase as he would be if they were sold in lieu for something else, in oleomargarine has been sold for pure butter.—*Farmers' Review.*

AFTER TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.

A Kansas Man Arrested on a Judgment Obtained Against Him.

Says a Topeka dispatch: William J. Badger has been arrested by a United States marshal on a judgment rendered a quarter of a century ago. In the year 1850 Badger was appointed by President Buchanan Indian agent to the Kickapoo tribe, then occupying the north portion of the territory of Kansas. He gave a large bond, as was required, for the faithful enforcement of his duties, but all of the sureties are dead. About four years after his appointment, or after the election of Lincoln in 1860, he resigned his office and made a final settlement with the department at Washington. The amounts of payments were not all showed, and the government found $14,000 worth of claims or vouchers allowed by the agent. In due course of time a suit was brought against Badger and a judgment allowed in the sum of $20,000, which was the judgment and interest. Badger disappeared and was reported dead. He is dead. He was never heard from until he returned to the states, having been in South America for twelve years past.

Why You Feel

So weak and exhausted is because your blood is impure. As well expect the sanitary condition of a city to be perfect with defiled water and defective sewerage, as to expect such a complicated piece of mechanism as the human frame to be in good order with impure blood circulating even to its minutest veins. Do you know that every drop of your two or three gallons of blood passes through the heart and lungs in about two and a half minutes, and that, on its way, it makes bone and muscle, brain and nerve, and all other solids and fluids of the body? The blood is the great nourisher, or, as the Bible terms it,

"The Life of the Body."

Is it any wonder, then, that if the blood be not pure and perfect in its constituents, you suffer so many indescribable symptoms?

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G. C. Brock, of Lowell, Mass., says: "For the past 25 years I have sold Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In my opinion, the best remedial agencies for the cure of all the diseases arising from impurities of the blood are contained in this medicine."

Eugene I. Hill, M. D., 261 Sixth Ave., New York, says: "As a blood-purifier and general builder-up of the system, I have never found anything to equal Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It gives perfect satisfaction."

"Ayer's Sarsaparilla' proves equally efficacious in all forms of Scrofula, Boils, Carbuncles, Eczema, Humors, Lumbago, Catarrh, &c.; and is, therefore, the very best

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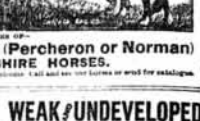

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